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DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE HANDBOOK

RESISTORS, SELECTION AND USE OF



This handbook is for guidance only. Do not cite this document as a requirement.

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FOREWORD

1. This handbook is approved for use by all Departments and Agencies of the Department of Defense.
2. This handbook provides selected standard resistors for use in the design of Department of Defense equipment. This handbook is for guidance only. This handbook cannot be cited as a requirement. If it is, the contractor does not have to comply.
 - a. The application information and performance characteristics contained in this handbook are offered for guidance and are not to be considered as mandatory. Additional application information will be added when coordinated with the Department of Defense.
 - b. Additional resistor types of this handbook will be developed as standard resistors of a given specification family are selected and coordinated with the Department of Defense.
3. Comments, suggestions, or questions on this document should be addressed to: DLA Land and Maritime, ATTN: VAT, Post Office Box 3990, Columbus, Ohio 43218-3990 or by email Resistor@dla.mil. Since contact information can change, you may want to verify the currency of this address information using the ASSIST Online database at <https://assist.dla.mil>.

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1. SCOPE

1.1 Scope. This handbook is for guidance only. This handbook cannot be cited as a requirement. If it is, the contractor does not have to comply. This handbook consists of the following:

- a. Selected standard resistor types, for use in the design and manufacturer of Department of Defense equipment under the jurisdiction of the Department of Defense.
- b. Guides for the choice and application of resistors for use in Department of Defense equipment.

Requirements for resistors listed in this handbook are covered in the applicable specification (see 2.1). When it has been determined that circuit requirements cannot be met by using resistor styles or characteristics listed in the applicable specifications, the design engineer should, with the approval of the cognizant activity, select from the applicable resistor specification styles or characteristics not listed herein.

1.2 Purpose of handbook.

- a. To provide the equipment designer with a selection of standard resistors for use in most Department of Defense applications.
- b. To control and minimize the variety of resistors used in Department of Defense equipment in order to facilitate logistic support of equipment in the field.
- c. To outline criteria pertaining to the use, choice, and application of resistors in Department of Defense equipment.

1.3 DLA Land and Maritime SpecFinder. DLA Land and Maritime SpecFinder is an online tool that can be used in conjunction with this handbook. The SpecFinder is a search tool to help you find standardization documents by selecting device characteristics. If you require certain performance features but don't know which documents might meet your needs, the Specification Finder will help you narrow your search down to a few candidate documents. The tool can be found at: . <http://www.landandmaritime.dla.mil/Programs/SpecFind/>.

2. APPLICABLE DOCUMENTS

2.1 General. The documents listed in this section are specified in sections 3, 4 and 5 of this specification. This section does not include documents cited in other sections of this specification or recommended for additional information or as examples. While every effort has been made to ensure the completeness of this list, document users are cautioned that they must meet all specified requirements documents cited in sections 3, 4 and 5 of this specification, whether or not they are listed.

2.2 Government documents.

2.2.1 Specifications, standards, and handbooks. The following specifications, standards, and handbooks form a part of this document to the extent specified herein. Unless otherwise specified, the issues of these documents are those cited in the solicitation.

DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE SPECIFICATIONS

MIL-PRF-19	-	Resistor, Variable, Wirewound, Low operating Temperature, General Specification For.
MIL-PRF-22	-	Resistor, Variable, Wirewound, Power Type, General Specification For.
MIL-PRF-26	-	Resistor, Fixed, Wirewound, Power Type, General Specification For.

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MIL-PRF-29	-	Resistor, Fixed, Meter Multiplier, External, High Voltage, Ferrule Terminal Type, General Specification For
MIL-PRF-94	-	Resistor, Variable, Composition, General Specification For
MIL-PRF-914	-	Resistor Networks, Fixed, Film, Surface Mount, Nonestablished Reliability, and Established Reliability, General Specification For
MIL-PRF-12934	-	Resistor, Variable, Precision, General Specification For
MIL-PRF-18546	-	Resistor, Fixed, Wirewound, Power Type, Chassis Mounted, General Specification For.
MIL-PRF-22097	-	Resistor, Variable, Nonwirewound, Adjustment Type, General Specification For
MIL-PRF-22684	-	Resistor, Fixed, Film, Insulated, General Specification For
MIL-PRF-23648	-	Resistor, Thermal (Thermistor) Insulated, General Specification For
MIL-PRF-27208	-	Resistor, Variable, Wirewound, Nonprecision, General Specification For
MIL-PRF-32159	-	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Film, Zero Ohm, Industrial, High Reliability, Space Level, General Specification For
MIL-PRF-32192	-	Resistor, Chip, Thermal (Thermistor), General Specification For
MIL-PRF-39002	-	Resistor, Variable, Wirewound, Semi-Precision, General Specification For
MIL-PRF-39005	-	Resistor, Fixed, Wirewound, Accurate, Nonestablished Reliability, Established Reliability, General Specification For
MIL-PRF-39007	-	Resistor, Fixed, Wirewound, Power Type, Nonestablished Reliability, Established Reliability, and Space Level, General Specification For
MIL-PRF-39009	-	Resistor, Fixed, Wirewound, Power Type, Chassis Mounted, Nonestablished Reliability, and Established Reliability, General Specification For
MIL-PRF-39015	-	Resistor, Variable, Wirewound, Nonestablished Reliability, and Established Reliability, General Specification For
MIL-PRF-39017	-	Resistor, Fixed, Film, Insulated, Nonestablished Reliability, and Established Reliability, General Specification For
MIL-PRF-39023	-	Resistor, Variable, Nonwirewound, Precision, General Specification For

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MIL-PRF-39035	-	Resistor, Variable, Nonwirewound, Adjustment Type, Nonestablished Reliability, and Established Reliability, General Specification For
MIL-PRF-49462	-	Resistor, Fixed, Film, High Voltage, General Specification For
MIL-PRF-49465	-	Resistor, Fixed, Metal Element, Power Type, Very Low Resistance Values, General Specification For
MIL-PRF-55182	-	Resistor, Fixed, Film, Nonestablished Reliability, Established Reliability, and Space Level, General Specification For
MIL-PRF-55342	-	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Film, Nonestablished Reliability, Established Reliability, Space Level, General Specification For
MIL-PRF-83401	-	Resistor Network, Fixed, Film, and Capacitor-Resistor Networks, Ceramic Capacitor and Fixed Film Resistor, General Specification For
MIL-PRF-83530	-	Resistor, Voltage Sensitive, Varistor, Metal-Oxide, General Specification For
MIL-R-93	-	Resistor, Fixed, Wirewound, Accurate, General Specification For (Inactive for New Design)
MIL-R-10509	-	Resistor, Fixed, Film, High Stability, General Specification For (Inactive for New Design)
MIL-R-39008	-	Resistor, Fixed, Composition, Insulated, Established Reliability, General Specification For (CANCELLED)

(Copies of these documents are available online at <http://quicksearch.dla.mil> or from the DLA Document Services, 700 Robbins Avenue, Building 4D, Philadelphia, PA 19111-5094).

2.3 Order of precedence Unless otherwise noted herein or in the contract, in the event of a conflict between the text of this document and the references cited herein (except for related specification sheets), the text of this document takes precedence unless otherwise noted. Nothing in this document, however, supersedes applicable laws and regulations unless a specific exemption has been obtained.

3. DEFINITIONS

3.1 Rating and design application terms. A list of common terms used in rating and design application of resistors is as follows:

- a. Ambient operating temperature. The temperature of the air surrounding an object, neglecting small localized variations.
- b. Contact resistance variation. The apparent resistance seen between the wiper and the resistance element when the wiper is energized with a specified current and moved over the adjustment travel in either direction at a constant speed. The output variations are measured over a specified frequency bandwidth, exclusive of the effects due to roll-on or roll-off of the terminations and is expressed in ohms or percent of total nominal resistance.

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- c. Critical value of resistance. For a given voltage rating and a given power rating, there is only one value of resistance that will dissipate full rated power at rated voltage. This value of resistance is commonly referred to as the "critical value of resistance." For values of resistance below the critical value, the maximum (element) voltage is never reached and, for values of resistance above critical value, the power dissipated becomes lower than rated. Figure 1 shows this relationship.

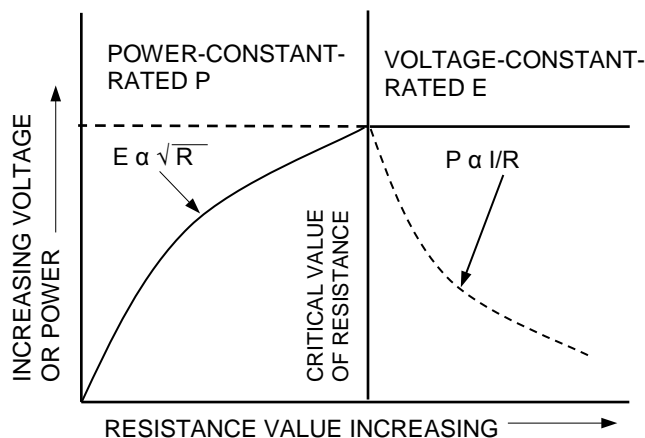


FIGURE 1. Maximum working voltage and critical value of resistance.

- d. Resistance value deviations. From its nominal value; it is the percent change from normal resistor tolerance + percent change from TCR + percent change from self-heating.
- e. Dielectric strength. The ultimate breakdown voltage of the dielectric or insulation of the resistor when the voltage is applied between the case and all terminals tied together. Dielectric strength is usually specified at sea level and simulated high altitude air pressures.
- f. Hot-spot temperature. As defined in Department of Defense specifications, the maximum temperature measured on the resistor due to both internal heating and the ambient operating temperature. Maximum hot-spot temperature is predicated on thermal limits of the materials and the design. The hot-spot temperature is also usually established as the top temperature on the derating curve at which the resistor is derated to zero power.
- g. Insulation resistance. The dc resistance measured between all terminals connected together and the case, exterior insulation, or external hardware.
- h. Maximum (element) working voltage ($E = \sqrt{PR}$). The maximum voltage stress (dc or rms) that may be applied to the resistor (resistance element) is a function of (1) the materials used, (2) the required performance, and (3) the physical dimensions. (See figure 1)
- i. Noise. An unwanted voltage fluctuation generated within the resistor. Total noise of a resistor always includes Johnson noise ^{1/} which is dependent only on the resistance value and temperature of the resistance element. Depending on the type of element and construction, total noise may also include noise caused by current flow, and noise caused by cracked bodies and loose end caps or leads. For variable resistors, noise may also be caused by jumping of contact over turns of wire and by an imperfect electrical path between the contact and resistance element.

^{1/} Johnson, J. B., "Thermal Agitation of Electricity in Conductors," Physical Review, volume 32 (July, 1928, 97-109).

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- j. Resistance temperature characteristic (temperature coefficient). The magnitude of change in resistance due to temperature, usually expressed in percent per degree Celsius or parts per million per degree Celsius ($\text{ppm}/^{\circ}\text{C}$). If the changes are linear over the operating temperature range, the parameter is known as "temperature coefficient".
- k. Resistance tolerance. The permissible deviation of the manufactured resistance value (expressed in percent) from the specified nominal resistance value at standard (or stated) environmental conditions.
- l. Stability. The overall ability of a resistor to maintain its initial resistance value over extended periods of time when subjected to any combination of environmental conditions and electrical stresses.

4. GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

4.1 Choice of resistor types. The variety of resistor types used in any particular equipment should be the minimum necessary to obtain satisfactory performance. Where more than one type of resistor may be used in a given application (such as, fixed, film, insulated versus fixed, film, insulated (high stability)), consideration should be given to cost and availability (use of strategic materials, multiple sources). The resistors identified in this handbook meet all the criteria for standard types (see 1.1 and 4.4).

4.1.1 Reliability. Where quantitative reliability requirements specified as part of the equipment requirements are such that the use of parts with established reliability is dictated, such parts should be selected from the established reliability specification.

4.1.2 Qualified sources. After a preliminary selection of the desired resistor has been made, reference should be made to the applicable qualified products list for listing of qualified sources.

4.2 Item identification. A type designation for any resistor referenced herein may be constructed as indicated in the example given in the applicable section. The Part Identification Number (PIN) designations are depicted in the applicable specification.

4.3 Conflict of requirements. This handbook provides selected standard resistors for use in the design of Department of Defense equipment. This handbook is for guidance only. This handbook cannot be sited as a requirement.

4.4 Criteria for inclusion in this handbook. The criteria for the inclusion of resistor types in this handbook are as follows:

- a. The resistor should be the best type available for general use in military equipment.
- b. Coordinated Department of Defense specifications should be available (see 2.1).
- c. Resistors should be in production, or should have been in production.

5. DETAILED REQUIREMENTS

5.1 Detailed requirements. The detailed requirements for standard resistor types are contained in the applicable specification of this handbook.

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6. NOTES

(This section contains information of a general or explanatory nature that may be helpful, but is not mandatory.)

6.1 Intended use. General application notes are as indicated in the appendix.

6.2 Subject term (key word) listing.

Adjustable	Resistor
Chip	Space level
Established reliability	Surface mount
Film	Thermistor
Fixed	Trimmer
Lead-screw	Variable
Network	Varistor
Nonestablished reliability	Wirewound
Nonwirewound	

6.3 Tin whisker growth. The use of alloys with tin content greater than 97 percent, by mass, may exhibit tin whisker growth problems after manufacture. Tin whiskers may occur anytime from a day to years after manufacture and can develop under typical operating conditions, on products that use such materials. Conformal coatings applied over top of a whisker-prone surface will not prevent the formation of tin whiskers. Alloys of 3 percent lead, by mass, have shown to inhibit the growth of tin whiskers. For additional information on this matter, refer to [ASTM-B545](#) (Standard Specification for Electrodeposited Coatings of Tin).

6.4 Environmentally preferable material. Environmentally preferable materials should be used to the maximum extent possible to meet the requirements of this specification. As of the dating of this document, the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) is focusing efforts on reducing 31 priority chemicals. The list of chemicals and additional information is available on their website <http://www.epa.gov/osw/hazard/wastemin/priority.htm>. Use of these materials should be minimized or eliminated unless needed to meet the requirements specified herein

6.5 Change from previous issue. The margins of this specification are marked with vertical lines to indicate where changes from the previous issue were made. This was done as a convenience only and the Government assumes no liability whatsoever for any inaccuracies in these notations. Bidders and contractors are cautioned to evaluate the requirements of this document based on the entire content irrespective of the marginal notations and relationship to the last previous issue.

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APPENDIX A

GENERAL APPLICATION INFORMATION

A.1. SCOPE

A.1.1 Scope. The application information in this handbook is designed to help in the selection of specified resistors (application information pertaining to specific resistor types is contained in the applicable sections). As with other types of components, the most important thing a user must decide is which of the numerous types of resistors will be best for use in the military equipment being designed. Proper selection in its broadest sense is the first step in building reliable equipment. To properly select the resistors to be used, the user must know as much as possible about the types from which to choose. The advantages and disadvantages should be known, as well as their behavior under various environmental conditions, their construction, and their effect on circuits and the effect of circuits on them, and a knowledge of what makes resistors fail. This appendix is not a mandatory part of the handbook. The information contained herein is intended for guidance only.

A.1.1.1 Resistor types. All variable and fixed resistors, of the types widely used in electronic equipment, can be grouped into one of three basic types. They are "composition" types, "film" types, or "wirewound" types. As the name indicates, the "composition" type is made of a mixture of resistive material and a binder which are molded into the proper shape and resistance value. The "film" type is composed of a resistive film deposited on, or inside of, an insulating cylinder or filament. The "wirewound" type is made up of resistance wire, wound on an insulated form. These basic types differ from each other in size, cost, resistance range, power rating, and general characteristics. Some are better than others for particular purposes; no one type has all of the best characteristics. The choice among them, therefore, depends on the requirements, both initial and long-term; the environment in which they must exist; and numerous other factors which the designer must understand. The designer must realize that the summaries of the requirements of a particular application must be taken into consideration and compared with the advantages and drawbacks of each of the several types, before a final choice is made. [Tables A-I, A-II, A-III, A-IV, A-V and A-VI](#) provide a selection guide for fixed and variable resistors included in this handbook.

The Department of Defense resistor specification categories are shown in [figure A-1](#).

A.1.1.2 Resistance Tolerances. Resistance tolerances will be coded as follows:

<u>Code</u>	<u>Tolerance</u>	<u>Code</u>	<u>Tolerance</u>	<u>Code</u>	<u>Tolerance</u>
V	0.0005	B	0.1	H	3.0
T	0.01	D	0.5	J	5.0
Q	0.02	F	1.0	K	10.0
A	0.05	G	2.0		

A.2. APPLICABLE DOCUMENTS.

A.2.1 General. The documents listed in this section are specified in sections 3, 4 and 5 of this specification. This section does not include documents cited in other sections of this specification or recommended for additional information or as examples. While every effort has been made to ensure the completeness of this list, document users are cautioned that they must meet all specified requirements documents cited in sections 3, 4 and 5 of this specification, whether or not they are listed.

A.2.2 Non-Government publications. The following documents form a part of this document to the extent specified herein. Unless otherwise specified, the issues of the documents cited in the solicitation or contract.

AMERICAN SOCIETY FOR TESTING AND MATERIALS (ASTM)

[ASTM B545](#) - Standard Specification for Electrodeposited Coatings of Tin

(Copies of this document are available online at <http://www.astm.org/> or should be addressed to the American Society for Testing and Materials, 100 Barr Harbor Drive, West Conshohocken, Pennsylvania 19428-2959.)

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APPENDIX A

A.3. GENERAL CHARACTERISTICS OF RESISTORS

A.3.1 General characteristics of fixed resistors.A.3.1.1 Fixed, Film Resistors. See [table A-1](#).

A.3.1.1.1 [MIL-PRF-22684, RL42...TX, Resistor, Fixed, Film, Insulated](#). These fixed, film, resistors have semi-precision characteristics and small sizes. The sizes and wattage rating are comparable to those of MIL-R-39008 (cancelled) and stability is between MIL-R-39008 and [MIL-PRF-55182](#). Design parameter tolerances are looser than those of [MIL-PRF-55182](#) but good stability makes them desirable in most electronic circuits. These resistors are capable of full load operation at an ambient temperature of +70°C and have a resistance-temperature characteristic of ±200 parts per million per degree Celsius (ppm/°C). See [MIL-PRF-39017](#).

NOTE: [MIL-PRF-22684](#) designers are cautioned in using these resistors in pulse application. The usage requirements for the resistor must be evaluated for each application. See [Appendix E](#).

A.3.1.1.2 [MIL-PRF-32159, RCZ, Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Film, Zero Ohm, Industrial, High Reliability, Space Level](#). These fixed, film, chip resistors are primarily intended for incorporation into surface mount applications. This specification has three product levels, a space level "T" part number with 100 percent burn-in and screening, a high reliability 100 percent burn-in screened "M" part number level, and a part level "C" using the manufacturer's inspection system to validate conformance.

NOTE: [MIL-PRF-32159](#) designers are cautioned in using these resistors in pulse application. The usage requirements for the resistor must be evaluated for each application. See [Appendix E](#).

A.3.1.1.3 [MIL-PRF-39017, RLR, Resistor, Fixed, Film, Insulated, Nonestablished Reliability and Established Reliability](#). These fixed, film, resistors have semi-precision characteristics and small sizes. The sizes and wattage rating are comparable to those of MIL-R-39008 (cancelled) and stability is between MIL-R-39008 and MIL-PRF-55182. Design parameter tolerances are looser than those of [MIL-PRF-55182](#) but good stability makes them desirable in most electronic circuits. These resistors are capable of full load operation at an ambient temperature of +70°C and have a resistance-temperature characteristic of ±100 ppm/°C and ±350 ppm/°C. The resistors have product levels ranging from Non-ER, and a life failure rate (FR) 1.0 percent to 0.001 percent per 1,000 hours. The FR levels are established at a 60 percent confidence level on basis of life tests.

Replaces [MIL-PRF-22684](#) inactive specification sheets.

NOTE: [MIL-PRF-39017](#) designers are cautioned in using these resistors in pulse application. The usage requirements for the resistor must be evaluated for each application. See [Appendix E](#).

A.3.1.1.4 [MIL-PRF-49462, RHV, Resistor, Fixed, Film, High Voltage](#). These resistors are intended for use in electronic circuits where high voltages and high resistance values are used.

NOTE: [MIL-PRF-49462](#) designers are cautioned in using these resistors in pulse application. The usage requirements for the resistor must be evaluated for each application. See [Appendix E](#).

A.3.1.1.5 [MIL-PRF-49465, RLV, Resistor, Fixed, Metal Element, Power Type, Very Low Resistance Value](#). These are power type, very low resistance values (1 ohm and below), fixed resistors (2 terminal and 4 terminal) for use in electrical, electronic, communications, and associated equipment. Included are precision resistors of 1, 3, and 5 percent, and 5 and 10 percent initial resistance tolerances with power ratings ranging from 2 watts to 10 watts at +25°C derated to 0 watts at +275°C

NOTE: [MIL-PRF-49465](#) designers are cautioned in using these resistors in pulse application. The usage requirements for the resistor must be evaluated for each application. See [Appendix E](#).

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A.3.1.1.6 MIL-PRF-55182, RNC, RNN, or RNR, Resistor, Fixed, Film, Nonestablished Reliability, Established Reliability, and Space Level. These fixed, film resistors including both hermetically and nonhermetically sealed types possess a high degree of stability, with respect to time, under severe environmental conditions, with an established reliability. Use in circuits requiring higher stability than provided by composition resistors or film, insulated, resistors, and where ac frequency requirements are critical. Operation is satisfactory from dc to 100 megahertz (MHz). Metal films are characterized by low temperature coefficients and are usable for ambient temperatures of +125°C or higher with small degradation. The resistors have product levels ranging from Non-ER (C), a life failure rate (FR) 1.0 (M) percent to 0.001 (S) percent per 1,000 hours and space level (T). The FR levels are established at a 60 percent confidence level on basis of life tests. **Replaces MIL-R-10509 RN, fixed, film (high stability) inactive specification sheets.**

NOTE: [MIL-PRF-55182](#) designers are cautioned in using these resistors in pulse application. The usage requirements for the resistor must be evaluated for each application. See [Appendix E](#).

A.3.1.1.7 MIL-PRF-55342, RM, Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Film, Nonestablished Reliability, Established Reliability, and Space Level. These chip resistors are primarily intended for incorporation into hybrid microelectronic circuits. They are designed for use in critical circuitry where stability, long life, reliable operation, and accuracy are of prime importance. These resistors are uncased, leadless chip devices and possess a high degree of stability with respect to time, under severe environmental conditions. The resistors have product levels ranging from Non-ER (C), a life failure rate (FR) 1.0 (M) percent to 0.001 (S) or (V) and space level (T). The FR levels are established at a 60 percent confidence level on basis of life tests.

NOTE:

1. FR level is in percent per 1000 hours.
2. [MIL-PRF-55342](#) designers are cautioned in using these resistors in pulse application. The usage requirements for the resistor must be evaluated for each application. See [Appendix E](#).

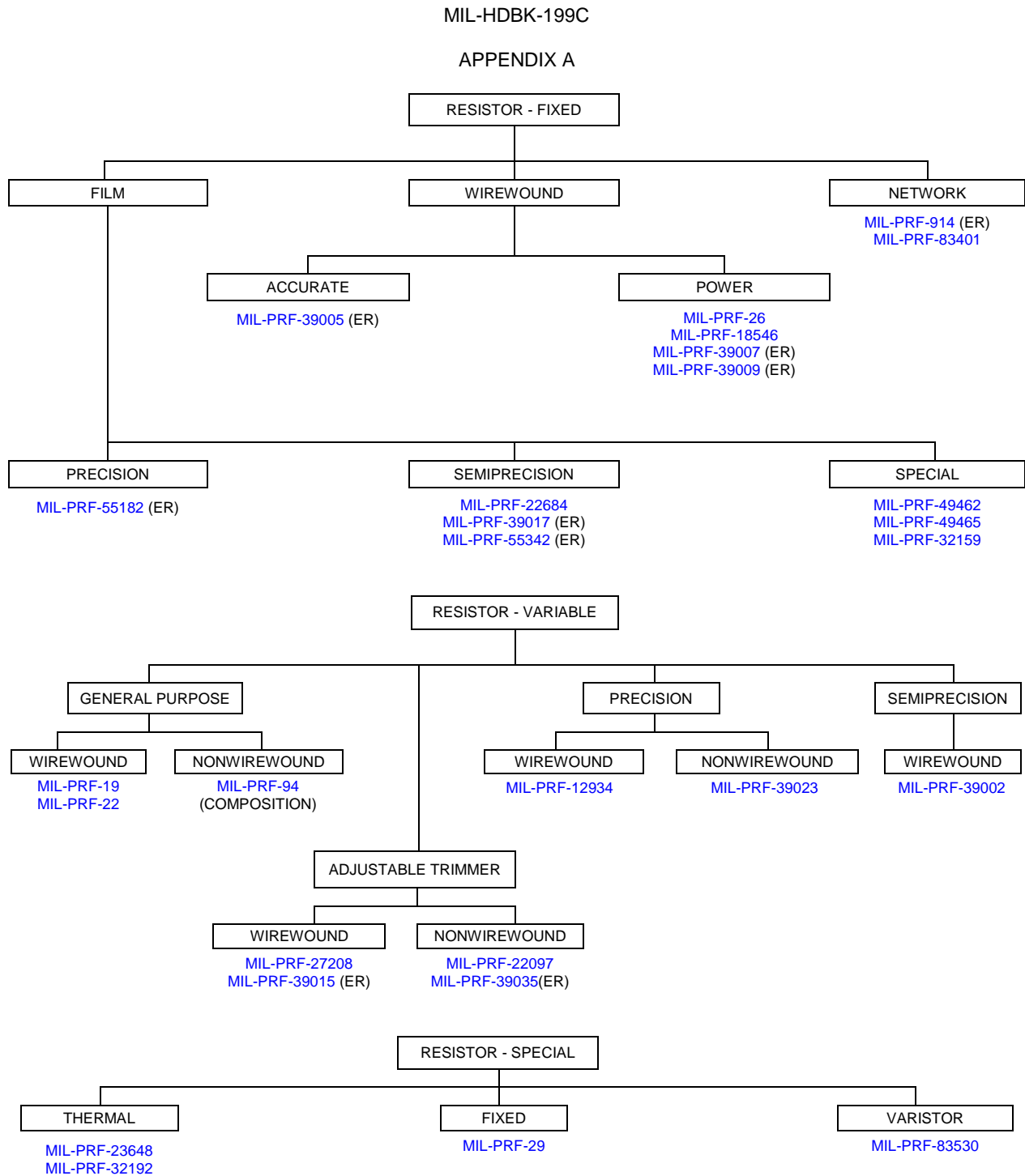


FIGURE A-1. Department of Defense resistor specification categories.

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TABLE A-I. Fixed film resistor selection guidance table.

MIL-PRF-22684 - Resistor, Fixed, Film, Insulated						
Styles available	Power and max voltage ratings	Resistance tolerance (\pm percent) (see A.1.1.2)	Resistance range (ohms)	Resistance temperature coefficient (ppm/ $^{\circ}$ C)	Maximum body size (inches) and Configuration (see figure A-2)	
RL42...TX	2 W 500 V	G and J	10 to 1.5 M	\pm 200	0.728 x 0.336	A

MIL-PRF-32159 - Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Film, Zero Ohm, Industrial, High Reliability, Space Level						
Styles available	Power ratings	Termination	Current rating (in amps)	Max resistance value (in ohms)	Maximum body size (inches) and Configuration (see figure A-2)	
RCZ0502	0.050	B,G,W C,D U,T	1.30 0.91 0.58	0.030 0.060 0.150	0.061 X 0.030	T
RCZ0505	0.100	B,G,W C,D U,T	2.20 1.80 1.00	0.020 0.030 0.100	0.061 X 0.055	
RCZ1005	0.200	B,G,W C,D U,T	2.80 2.20 1.30	0.025 0.040 0.125	0.112 X 0.055	
RCZ1505	0.150	B,G,W C,D U,T	2.10 1.70 0.93	0.035 0.050 0.175	0.162 X 0.055	
RCZ2208	0.225	B,G,W C,D U,T	2.50 2.10 1.10	0.035 0.050 0.175	0.237 X 0.080	
RCZ0705	0.150	B,G,W C,D U,T	2.70 2.20 1.20	0.020 0.030 0.100	0.086 X 0.055	
RCZ1206	0.225	B,G,W C,D U,T	3.20 2.50 1.40	0.025 0.040 0.125	0.134 X 0.068	
RCZ2010	0.800	B,G,W C,D U,T	5.70 4.50 2.50	0.025 0.040 0.125	0.218 X 0.103	
RCZ2512	1.000	B,G,W C,D U,T	6.30 5.00 2.80	0.025 0.040 0.125	0.268 X 0.129	
RCZ1010	0.500	B,G,W C,D U,T	5.00 4.10 2.20	0.020 0.030 0.100	0.112 X 0.105	
RCZ0402	0.040	B,G,W C,D U,T	1.20 0.82 0.52	0.030 0.060 0.150	0.050 X 0.027	
RCZ0603	0.070	B,G,W C,D U,T	1.50 1.10 0.68	0.030 0.060 0.150	0.070 X 0.037	
RCZ0302	0.035	B,G,W C,D U,T	1.10 0.76 0.48	0.030 0.060 0.150	0.038 X 0.027	

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TABLE A-I. Fixed film resistor selection guidance table - Continued.

MIL-PRF-39017 - Resistor, Fixed, Film, Insulated, Nonestablished Reliability and Established Reliability,						
Styles available	Power and max voltage ratings	Resistance tolerance (\pm percent) (see A.1.1.2)	Resistance range (ohms)	Resistance temperature coefficient (ppm/ $^{\circ}$ C)	Maximum body size (inches) and Configuration (see figure A-2)	
RLR05	0.125 W 200 V	F, G, J and K	2.7 to 1 M 1.1 M to 22 M	\pm 100 \pm 350	0.170 x 0.074	A
RLR07	0.25 W 250 V		1 to 10 M 11 M to 22 M		0.281 x 0.098	
RLR20	0.5 W 350 V		1 to 3.01 M 3.3 M to 22 M		0.416 x 0.161	
RLR32	500 V 1 W		1 to 2.7 M 3.0 M to 22 M		0.593 x 0.205	
MIL-PRF-49462 - Resistors, Fixed, Film, High Voltage						
Styles available	Power and max voltage ratings	Resistance tolerance (\pm percent) (see A.1.1.2)	Resistance range (ohms)	Resistance temperature coefficient (ppm/ $^{\circ}$ C)	Maximum body size (inches) and Configuration (see figure A-2)	
RHV30 RHV31 RHV32 RHV33 RHV34 RHV35	0.25 W/ 750 V 0.5 W/ 1.5 kV 1.0 W/ 3.0 kV 2.0 W/ 5.0 kV 3.0 W/ 10.0 kV 5.0 W/ 20.0 kV	F, G, J and K	100 k to 100 M 100 k to 392 M 49.9 k to 499 M 100 k to 499 M 200 k to 1 G 330 k to 1 G	R < 500 M Ω RTC \leq 200 R \geq 500 M Ω RTC \leq 500	0.306 x 0.098 0.431 x 0.154 0.752 x 0.328 1.124 x 0.328 2.124 x 0.328 3.124 x 0.328	A
MIL-PRF-49465 - Resistor, Fixed, Metal Element, Power Type, Very Low Resistance Values						
Styles available	Power ratings	Resistance tolerance (\pm percent) (see A.1.1.2)	Resistance range (ohms)	Resistance temperature coefficient (ppm/ $^{\circ}$ C)	Maximum body size (inches) and Configuration (see figure A-2)	
RLV10	5 W	F, H and J	0.01 to 0.0249 0.025 to 0.0499 0.05 to 0.0749 0.075 to 0.099 0.1 to 0.5	\pm 150 \pm 125 \pm 100 \pm 50 \pm 50	0.999 x 0.406	O
RLV30	3 W		0.01 to 0.0249 0.025 to 0.0499 0.05 to 0.0749 0.075 to 0.099 0.1 to 0.2	\pm 350 \pm 200 \pm 125 \pm 75 \pm 50	0.591 x 0.236	A
RLV31	5 W		0.01 to 0.0249 0.025 to 0.0499 0.05 to 0.0749 0.075 to 0.099 0.1 to 0.3	\pm 250 \pm 150 \pm 100 \pm 75 \pm 50	0.956 x 0.361	

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TABLE A-I. Fixed film resistor selection guidance table - Continued.

MIL-PRF-55182 - Resistor, Fixed, Film, Nonestablished Reliability, Established Reliability, and Space Level						
Styles available	Power and max voltage ratings	Resistance tolerance (\pm percent) (see A.1.1.2)	Resistance range (ohms)	Resistance temperature coefficient (ppm/ $^{\circ}$ C)	Maximum body size (inches) and Configuration (see figure A-2)	
RNR/N/C50	0.05 W 200 V	B, D and F	10 to .796 M	$\pm 25, \pm 50, \pm 100$	0.180 x 0.080	A
RNR/N/C55	0.1 W 200 V		10 to 2.0 M		0.281 x 0.140	
RNR/N/C60	0.125 W 250 V		1.0 to 4.02 M		0.437 x 0.165	
RNR/N/C65	0.25 W 300 V		1.0 to 8.06 M		0.656 x 0.250	
RNR/N/C70	0.5 W 350 V		1.0 to 15 M		0.875 x 0.328	
RNR/C75	1 W 750 V		10 to 20 M	± 25	1.24 x 0.437	
RNC90	0.3 W 300 V	V, T, A, B, D and F	4.99 to 200k	± 5 ± 10	0.320 x 0.336 x 0.120	K

MIL-PRF-55342 - Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Film, Nonestablished Reliability, Established Reliability, Space Level						
Styles available	Power and max voltage ratings	Resistance tolerance (\pm percent) (see A.1.1.2)	Resistance range (ohms)	Resistance temperature coefficient (ppm/ $^{\circ}$ C)	Maximum body size (inches) and Configuration (see figure A-2)	
RM0302	0.040 W 15 V	B, F, G, J and K	1 to 22M	$\pm 25,$ $\pm 50,$ $\pm 100,$ $\pm 200,$ ± 300	0.032 x 0.022 x 0.010/0.025	T
RM0402	0.050 W 25 V				0.041 x 0.022 x 0.010/0.033	
RM0502	0.05 W 40 V				0.055 x 0.035 x 0.010/0.030	
RM0505	0.125W 40 V				0.05 x 0.05 x 0.012/0.033	
RM0603	0.1 W 50 V				0.060 x 0.032 x 0.010/0.033	
RM0705	0.150 W 50V				0.075 x 0.05 x 0.015/0.033	
RM1005	0.2 W 50 V				0.10 x 0.05 x 0.015/0.033 x	
RM1010	0.5 W 75 V				0.100 x 0.100 x 0.015/0.033	
RM1206	0.25 W 100V				0.126 x 0.063 x 0.015/0.033	
RM1505	0.150 W 40 V				0.15 x 0.05 x 0.015/0.033	
RM2010	0.8 W 150 V				0.206 x 0.098 x 0.015/0.033	
RM2208	0.225 W 40 V				0.230 x 0.085 x 0.015/0.033	
RM2512	1 W 200 V				0.248 x 0.124 x 0.015/ .033	

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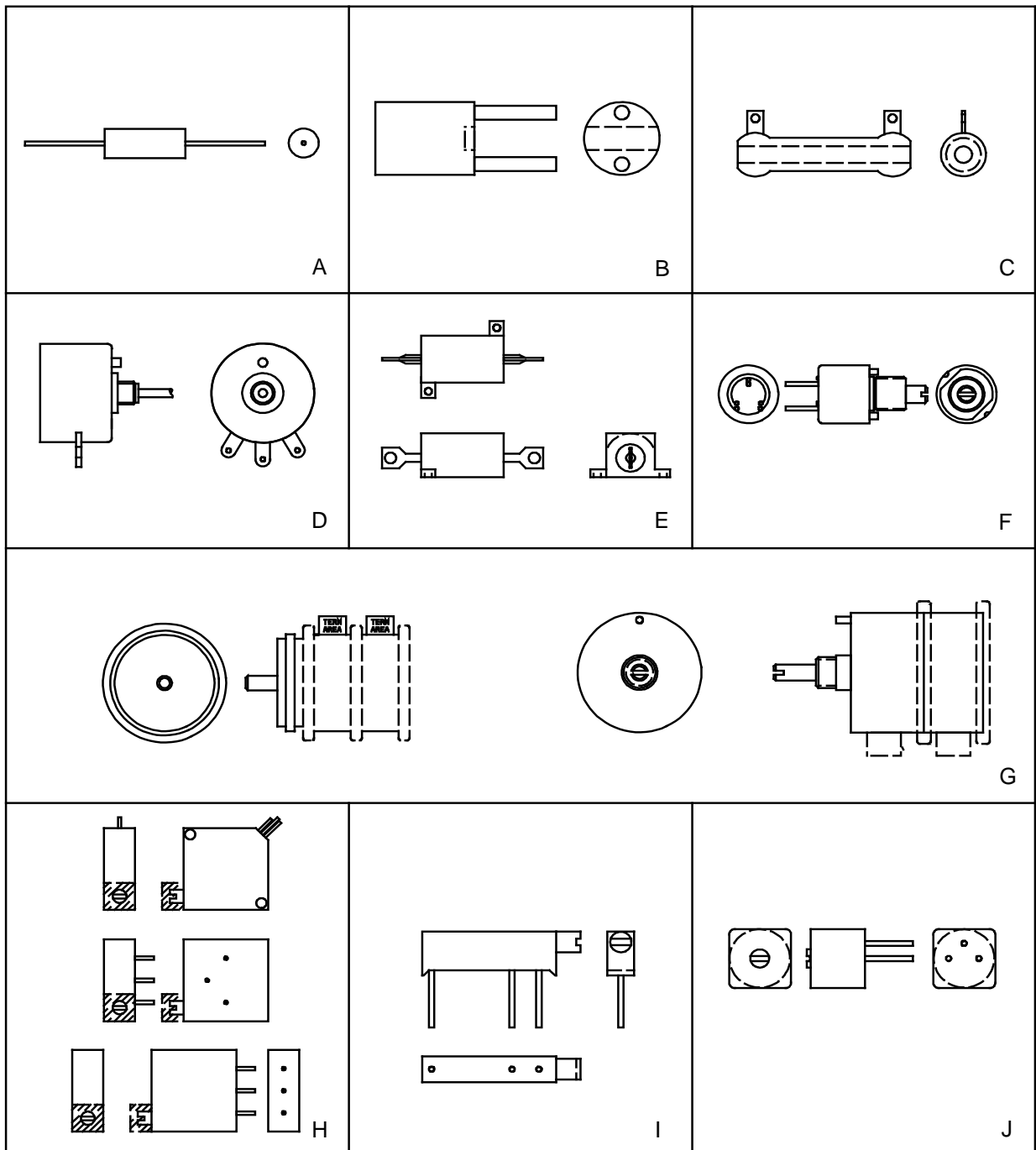
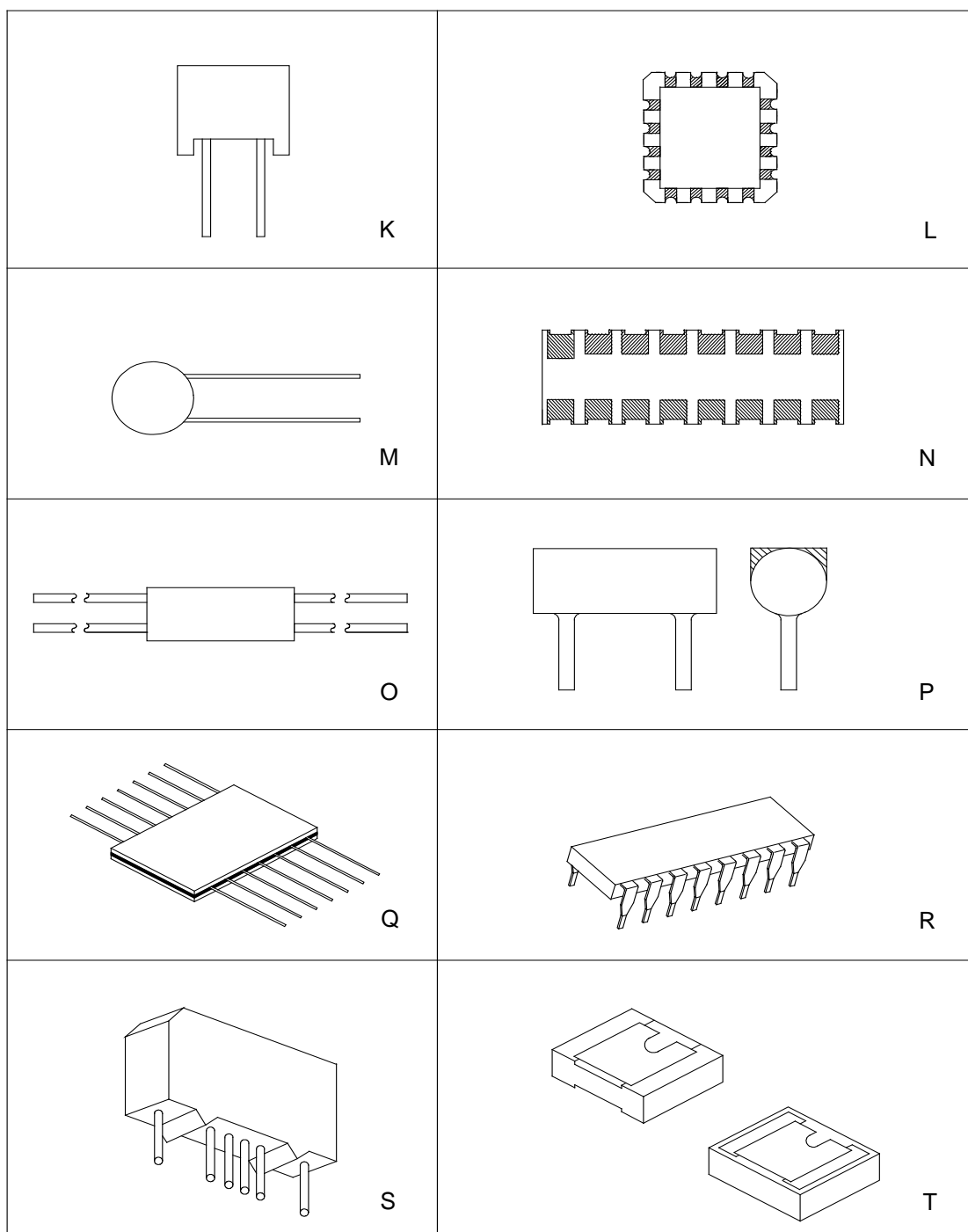


FIGURE A-2. Configurations.

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FIGURE A-2. Configurations. - Continued.

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A.3.1.2 Fixed Wirewound Resistors. See [table A-II](#).

A.3.1.2.1 MIL-PRF-26, RW, Resistor, Fixed, Wirewound, Power Type. These power type, wirewound fixed resistors are for use in electrical, communication and associated equipment. Included are general purpose styles of 5 percent initial resistance tolerance with power ratings ranging from 3 watts to 240 watts at +25°C, derated to 0 power at 350°C and precision axial lead types of 0.1 percent, 0.5 percent, and 1 percent initial resistance tolerance with power ranging from 1 watt to 10 watts at +25°C, derated to 0 power at +275°C. Use where large power dissipation is required and where ac performance is relatively unimportant (such as, when used as voltage divider or bleeder resistors in dc power supplies, or for series dropping). They are generally satisfactory for use at frequencies up to 20 kilohertz (kHz) even though the ac characteristics are controlled. Neither the wattage rating nor the rated continuous working voltage may be exceeded. See [MIL-PRF-39007](#).

A.3.1.2.2 MIL-PRF-18546, RE, Resistor, Fixed, Wirewound, Power Type, Chassis Mounted. These fixed, wirewound resistors are established reliability chassis mounted, power type units. They utilize the principle of heat dissipation through a metal mounting surface. These resistors are capable of full load operation at an ambient temperature of +25°C when mounted on a specified chassis area. Use where power tolerance and relatively large power dissipation is required for a given unit size than is provided by MIL-PRF-26 resistors, where ac performance is noncritical (such as, voltage divider or bleeder resistors in dc power supplies or series-dropping circuits). See [MIL-PRF-39009](#).

A.3.1.2.3 MIL-PRF-39005, RBR, Resistor, Fixed, Wirewound, Accurate, Nonestablished Reliability, Established Reliability. These nonestablished reliability, established reliability, accurate, wirewound fixed resistors that have a maximum resistance tolerance of 1 percent and a high degree of stability with respect to time under specified environmental conditions. These resistors are suitable for continuous full load (or voltage) operation at any ambient temperature up to +125°C, and when properly derated to +145°C. Use in circuits requiring higher stability than provided by composition or film resistors, and where ac frequency performance is not critical. Operation is satisfactory from dc to 50 kHz. The resistors have product levels ranging from Non-ER, and a life failure rate (FR) 1.0 percent to 0.001 percent per 1,000 hours. The FR levels are established at a 60 percent confidence level on basis of life tests. Replaces [MIL-R-93 inactive specification sheets](#).

A.3.1.2.4 MIL-PRF-39007, RWR, Resistor Fixed, Wirewound, Power Type, Nonestablished Reliability, Established Reliability, and Space Level. These nonestablished reliability, established reliability, or space level, axial leaded precision power type, wirewound fixed resistors having a +25°C ambient operating temperature derated to 0 load at +250°C. Use where large power dissipation is required and where ac performance is relatively unimportant (such as, when used as voltage divider or bleeder resistors in dc power supplies, or for series dropping). They are generally satisfactory for use at frequencies up to 20 kilohertz (kHz) even though the ac characteristics are controlled. Neither the wattage rating nor the rated continuous working voltage may be exceeded. The resistors have product levels ranging from Non-ER (C), a life failure rate (FR) 1.0 (M) percent to 0.001 (S) percent per 1,000 hours and space level (T) The FR levels are established at a 60 percent confidence level on basis of life tests. Replaces [MIL-PRF-26 inactive specification sheets](#).

A.3.1.2.5 MIL-PRF-39009, RER, Resistor, Fixed, Wirewound, Power Type, Chassis Mounted, Nonestablished Reliability, Established Reliability. These fixed, wirewound resistors are established reliability chassis mounted, power type units. They utilize the principle of heat dissipation through a metal mounting surface with full rated wattage at +25°C. These resistors should not be used in circuits where their ac performance is of critical importance, although provision have been made, in particular styles, to minimize inductance. The resistors have product levels ranging from Non-ER, and a life failure rate (FR) 1.0 percent to 0.001 percent per 1,000 hours. The FR levels are established at a 60 percent confidence level on basis of life tests. Replaces [MIL-PRF-18546 inactive specification sheets](#).

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TABLE A-II. Fixed wirewound resistor selection guidance table.

MIL-PRF-26 - Resistor, Fixed, Wirewound, Power Type						
Styles available	Power ratings (in Watts)	Resistance tolerance (\pm percent) (see A.1.1.2)	Resistance range (ohms)	Resistance temperature coefficient (ppm/ $^{\circ}$ C)	Maximum body size (inches) and configuration (see figure A-2)	
RW29	11	J and K	0.1 to 5.6 k	± 650 ($.1 \leq R < .499$) ± 500 ($.499 \leq R < 1$) ± 400 ($1 \leq R < 20$) ± 10 ($R \geq 20$)	1.812 x 0.500	C
RW31	14		0.1 to 6.8 k		1.562 x 0.594	
RW33	26		0.1 to 18 k		3.062 x 0.594	
RW35	55		0.1 to 43 k		4.062 x 0.906	
RW37	113		0.1 to 91 k		6.062 x 1.312	
RW38	159		0.1 to 0.15 M		8.062 x 1.312	
RW47	210		0.1 to 0.18 M		10.562 x 1.312	
RW56	14		0.1 to 9.1 k	± 400 ($R < 20\Omega$) ± 260 ($R \geq 20\Omega$)	2.094 x .563	A

MIL-PRF-18546 - Resistor, Fixed, Wire-Wound, Power Type, Chassis Mounted						
Styles available	Power ratings (in Watts)	Resistance tolerance (\pm percent) (see A.1.1.2)	Resistance range (ohms)	Resistance temperature coefficient (ppm/ $^{\circ}$ C)	Maximum body size (inches) and configuration (see figure A-2)	
RE77	75 120	F	0.05 to 29.4 k	± 30 ($R \geq 2k$) ± 50 ($R < 2k$)	3.594 x 1.781 x 2.843	E
RE80			0.1 to 35.7 k		4.594 x 2.219 x 3.031	

MIL-PRF-39005 - Resistor, Fixed, Wire-Wound, Accurate, Nonestablished Reliability, Established Reliability						
Styles available	Power and max voltage ratings	Resistance tolerance (\pm percent) (see A.1.1.2)	Resistance range (ohms)	Resistance temperature coefficient (ppm/ $^{\circ}$ C)	Maximum body size (inches) and configuration (see figure A-2)	
RBR52	0.5 W 600 V	T, Q, A, B and F	0.1 to 1.21 M	± 90 ($R < 1$) ± 30 ($1 \leq R < 10$) ± 15 ($10 \leq R < 100$) ± 10 ($R \geq 100$)	1.020 x 0.390	A
RBR53	0.33 W 300 V		0.1 to 1.1 M		0.770 x 0.390	
RBR54	0.25 W 300 V		0.1 to .562 M		0.770 x 0.265	
RBR55	0.15 W 200 V		0.1 to .332 M		0.520 x 0.265	
RBR56	0.125 W 150 V		0.1 to .220 M		0.364 x 0.265	
RBR71	0.125 W 150 V		0.1 to .15 M		0.343 x 0.281	B
RBR80	0.1 W	T, Q, A, B and F	10 to .120 M	± 5 ($R \geq 100$) ± 10 ($R < 100$)	0.325 x 0.160	P
RBR81 1/	100 V		10 to .250 M			

1/ Inactive for new design, use DLA Land and Maritime drawing 09008

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TABLE A-II. Fixed wirewound resistor selection guidance table - Continued.

MIL-PRF-39007 - Resistor, Fixed, Wirewound, Power Type, Nonestablished Reliability, Established Reliability, and Space Level					
Styles available	Power rating (in Watts)	Resistance tolerance (\pm percent) (see A.1.1.2)	Resistance range (ohms)	Resistance temperature coefficient (ppm/ $^{\circ}$ C)	Maximum body size (inches) and configuration (see figure A-2)
RWR78	10	B, D and F	0.1 to 39.2 k	± 650 ($.1 \leq R \leq .499$) ± 400 ($.499 < R \leq 1$) ± 50 ($1 < R \leq 10$) ± 20 ($R > 10$)	1.842 x 0.406
RWR80	2		0.1 to 3.16 k		0.437 x 0.125
RWR81	1		0.1 to 1 k		0.281 x 0.105
RWR82	1.5		0.1 to 1.3 k		0.328 x 0.101
RWR84	7		0.1 to 12.4 k		0.937 x 0.343
RWR89	3		0.1 to 4.12 k		0.622 x 0.218
A					
MIL-PRF-39009 - Resistor, Fixed, Wirewound, Power Type, Chassis Mounted, Nonestablished Reliability, and Established Reliability					
Styles available	Power rating (in Watts)	Resistance tolerance (\pm percent) (see A.1.1.2)	Resistance range (ohms)	Resistance temperature coefficient (ppm/ $^{\circ}$ C)	Maximum body size (inches) and configuration (see figure A-2)
RER40	5	F	1 to 1.65 k	± 100 ($R < 1$) ± 50 ($1 \leq R < 19.6$) ± 30 ($R \geq 20$)	0.662 x 0.677 x 0.351
RER45	10		1 to 2.80 k		0.812 x 0.843 x 0.437
RER50	20		1 to 6.04 k		1.124 x 1.125 x 0.593
RER55	30		1 to 19.6 k		2.000 x 1.187 x 0.656
RER60	5		0.1 to 3.32 k		0.662 x 0.677 x 0.351
RER65	10		0.1 to 5.62 k		0.812 x 0.843 x 0.437
RER70	20		0.1 to 12.1 k		1.124 x 1.125 x 0.593
RER75	30		0.1 to 39.2 k		2.000 x 1.187 x 0.656
E					

A.3.1.3 Fixed Film Networks. See table A-III.

A.3.1.3.1 MIL-PRF-914, RNS, Resistor, Network, Fixed, Film, Surface Mount, Nonestablished Reliability, and Established Reliability. These networks are primarily intended for use in surface mount applications where space is a major concern. These resistors can either be hermetically or nonhermetically sealed and consist entirely of fixed, film resistors. The resistors have product levels ranging from Non-ER, and a life failure rate (FR) 1.0 percent to 0.001 percent per 1,000 hours. The FR levels are established at a 60 percent confidence level on basis of life tests.

NOTE: MIL-PRF-914 designers are cautioned in using these resistors in pulse application. The usage requirements for the resistor must be evaluated for each application. See Appendix E.

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A.3.1.3.2 [MIL-PRF-83401](#), RZ, Resistor Network, Fixed Film, and Capacitor-Resistor Networks, Ceramic Capacitor and Fixed Film Resistor. These networks are designed for use in critical circuitry where stability, long life, reliable operation, and accuracy are of prime importance. They are particularly desirable for use where miniaturization is important and ease of assembly is desired. They are useful where a number of resistors of the same resistance value are required in the circuit.

NOTE: [MIL-PRF-83401](#) designers are cautioned in using these resistors in pulse application. The usage requirements for the resistor must be evaluated for each application. See [Appendix E](#).

TABLE A-III. Fixed film network resistor selection guidance table.

MIL-PRF-914 - Resistor Network, Fixed, Film, Surface Mount, Nonestablished Reliability, and Established Reliability																
Styles available	Schematic	Power ratings		Resistance tolerance (\pm percent) (see A.1.1.2)	Resistance range (ohms)	Resistance temperature coefficient (ppm/ $^{\circ}$ C)	Maximum body size (inches) and configuration (see figure A-2)									
		Characteristics														
		K and M	C, R, H, and V													
RNS030	W	0.10/0.80	0.050/0.40	B, D, F, G and J	10 to 2.2 M	$\pm 25, \pm 50, \pm 100, \pm 300$.300 x .300 x .050	L								
	M	0.05/0.75	0.025/0.40				.300 x .300 x .085									
	E	0.10/0.80	0.050/0.40				.300 x .300 x .090									
	S	0.05/0.70	0.025/0.35													
RNS040	P	0.10/1.0	0.050/0.50				B, D, F, G and J		10 to 2.2 M	$\pm 25, \pm 50, \pm 100, \pm 300$.350 x .350 x .050	L				
	M	0.05/0.95	0.025/0.475								.350 x .035 x .085					
	E	0.10/1.0	0.050/0.50								.350 x .350 x .090					
	S	0.05/1.0	0.025/0.50													
RNS050	A	0.10/0.80	0.050/0.40								B, D, F, G and J		10 to 2.2 M	$\pm 25, \pm 50, \pm 100, \pm 300$.150 x .410 x .035	N
	B	0.055/0.80	0.025/0.375													
	C	0.050/0.80	0.100/0.40													
	J	0.030/0.80	0.015/0.40													

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TABLE A-III. Fixed film network resistor selection guidance table. Continued

MIL-PRF-83401 - Resistor Network, Fixed, Film, and Capacitor-Resistor Networks, Ceramic Capacitor and Fixed Film Resistor																
Styles available	Schematic	Power ratings		Resistance tolerance (\pm percent) (see A.1.1.2)	Resistance range (ohms)	Resistance temperature coefficient (ppm/ $^{\circ}$ C)	Maximum body size (inches) and configuration (see figure A-2)									
		Characteristics														
		H, K and M	C and V													
RZ010	A	0.2/1.4	0.1/0.7	B, D, F, G and J	10 to 1 M	± 50 , ± 100 , ± 300	.785 x .305 x .200	R								
	B	0.1/1.3	0.05/0.65													
	J	0.050/1.2	0.025/0.6													
RZ020	A	0.2/1.6	0.1/0.8				F, G and J	10 to 1 M	± 50 , ± 100 , ± 300	.876 x .305 x .200	R					
	B	0.1/1.5	0.05/0.75													
	J	0.050/1.4	0.025/0.7													
RZ030	A	0.05/0.35	0.025/0.325							B, D, F, G and J	10 to 1 M	± 50 , ± 100 , ± 300	.385 x .305 x .075	Q		
	B		0.015/0.35													
	J															
RZ040	C	0.2/1.0	0.1/0.5										F, G and J	10 to 1 M	± 50 , ± 100 , ± 300	.598 x .098 x .350
	G	0.2/0.6	0.1/0.3													
	H	0.11/0.88	0.06/0.48													
RZ050	C	0.2/1.4	0.1/0.7	B, D, F, G and J	10 to 1 M	± 50 , ± 100 , ± 300										.798 x .098 x .350
	G	0.2/0.8	0.1/0.4													
	H	0.11/1.32	0.06/0.72													
RZ060	C	0.2/1.8	0.1/0.9				B, D, F, G and J	10 to 1 M	± 50 , ± 100 , ± 300							.998 x .098 x .352
	G	0.2/1.0	0.1/0.5													
	H	0.11/1.8	0.06/0.9													
RZ070	C	0.12/0.6	0.06/0.3							B, D, F, G and J	10 to 1 M	± 50 , ± 100 , ± 300				.598 x .098 x .197
	G	0.12/0.36	0.06/0.18													
	H	0.07/0.6	0.04/0.3													
RZ080	C	0.12/0.84	0.06/0.42										B, D, F, G and J	10 to 1 M	± 50 , ± 100 , ± 300	.798 x .098 x .197
	G	0.12/0.48	0.06/0.24													
	H	0.07/0.84	0.04/0.42													
RZ090	C	0.12/1.08	0.06/0.54	B, D, F, G and J	10 to 1 M	± 50 , ± 100 , ± 300										.798 x .098 x .197
	G	0.12/0.60	0.06/0.30													
	H	0.07/1.08	0.04/0.54													
RZ100	A	0.05/0.4					B, D, F, G and J	10 to 1 M	± 50 , ± 100 , ± 300							.410 x .305 x .075
	B	0.025/0.375														
	J	0.015/0.42														
RZ130	A	0.2/1.4	0.1/0.7							B, D, F, G and J	10 to 1 M	± 50 , ± 100 , ± 300				.785 x .305 x .200
	B	0.1/1.3	0.05/0.65													
	J	0.050/1.2	0.025/0.6													
RZ140	A	0.2/1.6	0.1/0.8										B, D, F, G and J	10 to 1 M	± 50 , ± 100 , ± 300	.876 x .305 x .200
	B	0.1/1.5	0.05/0.75													
	J	0.050/1.4	0.025/0.7													
RZ150	A	0.05/0.35		B, D, F, G and J	10 to 1 M	± 50 , ± 100 , ± 300										.385 x .305 x .075
	B	0.025/0.325														
	J	0.015/0.35														

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TABLE A-III. Fixed film network resistor selection guidance table - Continued.

MIL-PRF-83401 - Resistor Network, Fixed, Film, and Capacitor-Resistor Networks, Ceramic Capacitor and Fixed Film Resistor - Continued											
Styles available	Schematic	Power ratings		Resistance tolerance (\pm percent) (see A.1.1.2)	Resistance range (ohms)	Resistance temperature coefficient (ppm/ $^{\circ}$ C)	Maximum body size (inches) and configuration (see figure A-2)				
		Characteristics									
		H, K and M	C and V								
RZ180	A001	0.10	0.40	G	See Schematics per specification sheet	± 50 , ± 100 , ± 300	.598 x .098 x .350				
	A002		0.50					.798 x .098 x .197			
RZ190	1/	0.10 4/	0.06				B, D, F, G and J		See Schematics per specification sheet	± 50 , ± 100 , ± 300	.598 x .098 x .197
	2/		0.05					.798 x .098 x .197			
	3/		0.04								
RZ210	C	0.12/0.6	0.06/0.3				B, D, F, G and J	See Schematics per specification sheet	± 50 , ± 100 , ± 300	.598 x .098 x .197	
	G	0.12/0.36	0.06/0.18								.798 x .098 x .197
RZ220	H	0.07/0.6	0.04/0.3							.798 x .098 x .197	
	C	0.12/0.84	0.06/0.42								.998 x .098 x .197
RZ230	G	0.12/0.48	0.06/0.24							.998 x .098 x .197	
	H	0.07/0.84	0.04/0.42								
RZ240	C	0.12/1.08	0.06/0.54	.998 x .098 x .197							
	G	0.12/0.60	0.06/0.30								
RZ240	H	0.07/1.08	0.04/0.54	.998 x .098 x .197							
	H	0.07/1.08	0.04/0.54								

1/ A001-A006, A011-A012

2/ A007-A009

3/ A010

4/ A001-A0012

A.3.1.4 Variable Wirewound Resistors. (See table A-IV)

A.3.1.4.1 MIL-PRF-19, RA, Resistor, Variable, Wirewound, Low Operating Temperature. These variable resistors having a resistance element of Wirewound on an insulating strip shaped in an arc, so that a contact bears uniformly on the resistance element when adjusted by a control shaft. These resistors are capable of full load operation at an ambient temperature of $+40^{\circ}$ C and are suitable for continuous operation when properly derated, at a maximum temperature of $+105^{\circ}$ C. Use primarily for noncritical, low power, low frequency applications where characteristics of Wirewound resistors are more desirable than those of composition resistors.

A.3.1.4.2 MIL-PRF-22, RP, Resistor, Variable, Wirewound, Power Type. These resistors have a resistance element of wire, wound linearly on an insulated strip shaped in an arc, such that a contact bears uniformly on the resistance element when adjusted by a control shaft. The power ratings cover a range from 6.25 watts to 1,000 watts, inclusive. Use in such applications as motor speed control, generator field control, lamp dimming, heater and oven control, potentiometer uses, and applications where variations of voltage and current are expected.

A.3.1.4.3 MIL-PRF-12934, RR, Resistor, Variable, Wirewound, Precision. These precision, wirewound, variable resistors whose electrical output (in terms of percent of applied voltage) are linear or nonlinear with respects to the angular position of the shaft. These resistors are capable of full-load operation at maximum ambient temperatures of $+70^{\circ}$ C and $+85^{\circ}$ C and are suitable for continuous operation, when properly derated, to maximum temperatures of $+125^{\circ}$ C and $+150^{\circ}$ C. Use in servo mounting applications requiring precise electrical and mechanical output and performance. Used in computer, antenna, flight control, and bomb navigation systems.

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A.3.1.4.4 [MIL-PRF-27208, RT, Resistor, Variable, Wirewound, Nonprecision](#). These wirewound variable resistors with a contact bearing uniformly over the entire surface of the entire resistive element, wound linearly, when positioned by an multiturn lead screw actuator. These resistors are capable of full-load operation at maximum ambient temperatures of +85°C and are suitable for continuous operation, when properly derated, to maximum temperatures of +150°C. Use for matching, balancing, and adjusting circuit variables in computers, telemetering equipment, and other critical applications. See [MIL-PRF-39015](#).

A.3.1.4.5 [MIL-PRF-39002, RK, Resistor, Variable, Wirewound, Semi-Precision](#). These semi-precision, wirewound, variable resistors have a resistance element of wire, wound linearly on an insulated form shaped in an arc, so that a contact bears uniformly on the resistance element when adjusted by a contact shaft. The electrical output (in terms of percent of applied voltage) is linear with respect to angular position of the contact arm. These resistors are capable of full-load operation at maximum ambient temperatures of +85°C and are suitable for continuous operation, when properly derated, to maximum temperatures of +135°C. Use for matching, balancing, and adjusting circuit variables in computers, telemetering equipment, and other critical applications.

A.3.1.4.6 [MIL-PRF-39015, RTR, Resistor, Variable, Wirewound, Lead Screw Actuated, Nonestablished Reliability and Established Reliability](#). These nonestablished and established reliability lead screw actuated, wirewound variable resistors with a contact bearing uniformly over the surface of the entire resistive element, wound linearly, when position by a multiturn lead screw actuator. These resistors are capable of full load operation (when the maximum resistance is engaged), at maximum ambient temperature of +85°C and are suitable for continuous operation, when properly derated, at a maximum ambient temperature of +150°C. Use for matching, balancing, and adjusting circuit variables in computers, telemetering equipment, and other critical applications. The resistors have product levels ranging from Non-ER, and a life failure rate (FR) 1.0 percent to 0.001 percent per 1,000 hours. The FR levels are established at a 60 percent confidence level on basis of life tests. **Replaces MIL-PRF-27208 inactive specification sheets.**

TABLE A-IV. Variable wirewound resistor selection guidance table.

MIL-PRF-19 - Resistor, Variable, Wirewound, Low Operating Temperature				
Styles	Power rating (Watts)	Resistance range (ohms)	Maximum body size (inches) Configuration (see figure A-2)	
RA20	2, 1	3 to 15k	1.310 x .700	D
RA30	4, 2.2	3 to 25k	1.710 x .810	

MIL-PRF-22 - Resistor, Variable, Wirewound, Power Type				
Styles	Power rating (Watts)	Resistance range (ohms)	Maximum body size (inches) Configuration (see figure A-2)	
RP05	5	10 to 5k	0.525 x 0.687	D
RP06	12.5	1 to 3.5k	0.906 x 0.751	
RP07	6.25	1 to 3.5k	1.094 x 1.126	
RP10	25	1 to 5k	1.680 x 1.410	
RP11	12.5	2 to 5k	1.880 x 1.750	
RP15	50	1 to 10k	2.410 x 1.440	
RP16	25	1 to 10k	2.750 x 1.750	
RP20	75	2 to 10k	2.810 x 1.780	
RP25	100	2 to 10k	3.190 x 1.780	
RP30	150	2 to 10k	4.060 x 2.030	

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TABLE A-IV. Variable wirewound resistor selection guidance table. Continued

MIL-PRF-22 - Resistor, Variable, Wirewound, Power Type Continued				
Styles	Power rating (Watts)	Resistance range (ohms)	Maximum body size (inches) Configuration (see figure A-2)	
RP35	225	2 to 2.5k	5.090 x 2.160	D
RP40	300	2 to 2.5k	6.090 x 2.410	
RP45	500	2 to 2.5k	8.090 x 2.250	
RP50	750	2 to 2.5k	10.090 x 3.030	
RP55	1,000	2 to 2.5k	12.310 x 3.250	

MIL-PRF-12934 - Resistor, Variable, Wirewound, Precision				
Styles	Power rating (Watts)	Resistance range (ohms)	Maximum body size (inches) Configuration (see figure A-2)	
RR0900	1.25	100 to 10K	0.880 x 0.812	G
RR1000	2.0	100 to 50K	0.880 x 1.625	
RR1100	1.5	100 to 20K	1.067 x 0.812	
RR1300	2.0	100 to 40K	1.468 x 1.062	
RR1400	3.0	200 to 200K	1.468 x 2.250	
RR2000	4.0	100 to 60K	2.031 x 1.312	
RR2100	5.0	200 to 250K	2.031 x 2.250	
RR3000	6.0	200 to 100K	3.031 x 1.312	
RR3100	1.25	100 to 10K	0.906 x 0.750	
RR3200	1.5	100 to 20K	1.093 x 0.750	
RR3300	2.0	100 to 40K	1.468 x 1.062	
RR3400	4.0	100 to 60K	2.031 x 1.156	
RR3500	6.0	200 to 100K	3.031 x 1.156	
RR3600	1.5	100 to 50K	0.906 x 1.076	
RR3700	1.5	100 to 50K	0.906 x 1.076	
RR3800	1.5	100 to 100K	0.906 x 1.219	
RR3900	1.5	100 to 100K	0.906 x 1.219	
RR4000	2.0	100 to 50K	0.890 x 1.500	
RR4100	5.0	200 to 250K	1.844 x 2.094	
RR2002	4.0	20K	2.005 x 1.781	
RR1004	2.0	100K	0.880 x 1.580	
2RR2104	5.0	20K / 20K	2.005 x 4.311	
RR3601	1.5	10K	0.922 x 0.875	
2RR3100	0.25mW	665 / 665	1.062 x 0.765	

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TABLE A-IV. Variable wirewound resistor selection guidance table. - Continued.

MIL-PRF-27208 - Resistor, Variable, Wirewound, Nonprecision				
Styles	Power rating (Watts)	Resistance range (ohms)	Maximum body size (inches) (configuration) (see figure A-2)	
RT12	0.75	10 to 20K	1.250 x 0.315 x 0.190	I
RT24		10 to 10K	0.375 x 0.375 x 0.195	H
RT26	0.25	10 to 5K	0.250 x 0.250 x 0.165	

MIL-PRF-39002 - Resistor, Variable, Wirewound, Semi-Precision				
Styles	Power rating (Watts)	Resistance range (ohms)	Maximum body size (inches) (configuration) (see figure A-2)	
RK09	1.21.5	10 to 100k	0.515 x 0.650	F
RK11		5k	0.615 x 0.315	

MIL-PRF-39015 - Resistor, Variable, Wirewound, Lead Screw Actuated, Nonestablished Reliability and Established Reliability				
Styles	Power rating (Watts)	Resistance range (ohms)	Maximum body size (inches) (configuration) (see figure A-2)	
RTR12	0.75	10 to 20K	1.250 x 0.315 x 0.190	I
RTR22			0.500 x 0.500 x 0.235	H
RTR24		10 to 10K	0.375 x 0.375 x 0.195	

A.3.1.5 Variable Nonwirewound Resistors. See [table A-V](#).

A.3.1.5.1 [MIL-PRF-94](#), RV, Resistor, Variable Composition. These variable resistors have a composition resistance element shaped in an arc, and a contact bearing uniformly thereon, so that a change in resistance is produced between the terminal of the contact and the terminal of either end of the resistance element when the operating shaft is turned. These resistors are capable of full load operation (where maximum resistance is engaged) at a maximum ambient temperature of +70°C, and suitable for continuous operation when properly derated, at a maximum temperature of +120°C. Use where initial setting stability is not critical and long-term stability needs to be no better than ±20 percent.

A.3.1.5.2 [MIL-PRF-22097](#), RJ, Resistor, Variable, Nonwirewound, Adjustment Type. These multiturn lead screw actuated and single-turn nonwirewound variable resistors with a contact bearing uniformly over the entire surface of the entire resistive element, when positioned by the actuator. These resistors are capable of full load operation (where maximum resistance is engaged) at a maximum ambient temperature of +70°C and +85°C, and are suitable for continuous operation when properly derated, at a maximum temperature of +120°C and +150°C, respectively. Use for matching, balancing, and adjusting circuit variables in computers, telemetering equipment, and other critical applications. See [MIL-PRF-39035](#).

A.3.1.5.3 [MIL-PRF-39023](#), RQ, Resistor, Variable, Nonwirewound Precision. These precision, nonwirewound, variable resistors whose electrical output (in terms of percent of applied voltage) are linear or nonlinear with respect to the angular position of the operating shaft. These resistors have a resistance tolerance of ±10 percent. These resistors are capable of full-load operation at maximum ambient temperatures of +70°C and are suitable for continuous operation, when properly derated, to maximum temperatures of +125°C. Use in servo mounting application requiring precise electrical and mechanical output and performance. Used in computer, antenna, flight control, and bomb navigation systems.

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A.3.1.5.4 [MIL-PRF-39035](#), RJR, Resistor, Variable, Nonwirewound, Adjustment Type, Nonestablished Reliability and Established Reliability. These nonestablished and established reliability multiturn lead screw actuated, and single-turn nonwirewound variable resistors with a contact bearing uniformly over the surface of the entire resistive element, when position by an actuator. These resistors are capable of full load operation (when the maximum resistance is engaged), at maximum ambient temperature of +85°C and are suitable for continuous operation, when properly derated, at a maximum ambient temperature of +150°C. Use for matching, balancing, and adjusting circuit variables in computers, telemetering equipment, and other critical applications. The resistors have product levels ranging from Non-ER, and a life failure rate (FR) 1.0 percent to 0.001 percent per 1,000 hours. The FR levels are established at a 60 percent confidence level on basis of life tests. **Replaces MIL-PRF-22097 inactive specification sheets.**

TABLE A-V. Variable nonwirewound resistor selection guidance table.

MIL-PRF-94 - Resistor, Variable Composition					
Styles available	Power and max voltage ratings	Resistance tolerance (± percent) (see A.1.1.2)	Resistance Range (ohms)	Maximum body size (inches) and configuration (see figure A-2)	
RV2	1.0/0.5*	±10/±20	100 to 2.5M	0.453 x 0.906	F
RV4	2.0/1.0*		50 to 2.5M	0.609 x 1.094	
RV5	0.5/0.25*		250 to 2.5M	0.375 x 0.750	
RV6	0.5/0.25*		100 to 5M	0.453 x 0.500	
2RV7	various		50 to 5M	1.266 x 1.094	
RV8	0.5/0.25*		100 to 5M	0.581 x 0.500	

* - A taper/C and F taper

MIL-PRF-22097 - Resistor, Variable, Nonwirewound, Adjustment Type					
Styles available	Power and max voltage ratings	Resistance tolerance (± percent) (see A.1.1.2)	Resistance Range (ohms)	Maximum body size (inches) and configuration (see figure A-2)	
RJ12	0.75	±10	10 to 1M	1.250 x 0.190 x 0.315	I
RJ24	0.50			0.375 x 0.150 x 0.375	H

MIL-PRF-39023 - Resistor, Variable, Nonwirewound Precision					
Styles available	Power and max voltage ratings	Resistance tolerance (± percent) (see A.1.1.2)	Resistance Range (ohms)	Maximum body size (inches) and configuration (see figure A-2)	
RQ051	0.50	±10	5000	0.9644 x 0.550	H
RQ090	1.00		100 to 1M	0.906 x 0.810	
RQ091	1.00		100 to 1M	0.906 x 0.750	
RQ100	2.50		1000 to 1M	0.906 x 1.880	
RQ110	1.25		100 to 1M	1.125 x 0.810	
RQ150	1.50		100 to 1M	1.500 x 1.060	
RQ160	3.50		1000 to 3M	1.468 x 2.500	
RQ200	2.00		100 to 1M	2.031 x 1.310	
RQ210	4.50		1000 to 3M	2.031 x 2.900	
RQ300	3.00		100 to 1M	3.031 x 1.310	

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TABLE A-V. Variable nonwirewound resistor selection guidance table. Continued

MIL-PRF-39035 - Resistor, Variable, Nonwirewound, Adjustment Type, Nonestablished Reliability and Established Reliability					
Styles available	Power and max voltage ratings	Resistance tolerance (\pm percent) (see A.1.1.2)	Resistance Range (ohms)	Maximum body size (inches) and configuration (see figure A-2)	
RJR12*	0.75	± 10	10 to 1M	1.000 x 0.190 x 0.315	H
RJR24	0.50			0.375 x 0.150 x 0.375	
RJR26	0.25			0.270 x 0.165 x 0.250	
RJR50				0.25** x 0.25	J

* Inactive for new design

** Diameter

A.3.1.6 Special Resistors. See table A-VI.

A.3.1.6.1 MIL-PRF-29, MF, Resistor, Fixed, Meter Multiplier, External, High Voltage, Ferrule Terminal Type. These resistors are used for high-voltage, external, meter-multiplier, fixed resistors of the ferrule-terminal type for use with direct-current (dc) instruments drawing 1 milliampere at full-scale deflection.

A.3.1.6.2 MIL-PRF-23648, RTH, Resistor, Thermal (Thermistor) Insulated. These resistors exhibit a rapid change in resistance for a relative small temperature change. These resistors are used to measure temperature or to compensate for changes in temperature.

A.3.1.6.3 MIL-PRF-32192, RCTP and RCTN, Resistor Chip, Thermal. These thermistors exhibit a positive temperature coefficient (PTC) or a negative temperature coefficient (NTC) and are primarily intended for incorporation into surface mount applications. These devices are to be used for temperature control, temperature compensation, sensing, and frequency compensation over the temperature range specified.

A.3.1.6.4 MIL-PRF-83530, RVS, Resistor, Voltage Sensitive Resistor, (Varistor), Metal-Oxide. These devices function as a nonlinear variable impedance dependent on voltage. They are designed to protect a circuit from a surge in voltage. (Inactive for new design)

TABLE A-VI. Special resistors selection guidance table.

MIL-PRF-29 - Resistor, Fixed, Meter Multiplier, External, High Voltage, Ferrule Terminal Type			
Styles available	Resistance range (in megohms)	Voltage ratings	Maximum body size (inches)
MFA	3.5, 4.0, 5.0, 6.0	3.5, 4.0, 5.0, 6.0	9.781 x 1.312
MFB	1.0, 1.5, 2.0, 2.5, 3.0, 3.5	1.0, 1.5, 2.0, 2.5, 3.0, 3.5	5.281 x 1.312
MFC	0.5, 0.8, 1.0	0.5, 0.8, 1.0	2.937 x 1.000
MFD	10	10	16.500 x 1.312
MFE	15	15	23.500 x 1.312
MFF	20	20	30.500 x 1.312

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TABLE A-VI. Special resistors selection guidance table. Continued

MIL-PRF-23648 - Resistor, Thermal (Thermistor) Insulated									
Styles available	Power rating (Watts)	Thermal time constant (Seconds)	Dissipation Constant mW/OC	Resistance tolerance (percent) see A.1.1.2	Resistance Ratio ^{1/}	Resistance range (ohms)		Maximum body size (inches) and configuration (see figure A-2)	
						min	max		
RTH06	0.05	80	5	F, G, J, K	A, B, C	68	75k	0.30 D.	M
RTH22	0.5	60	15	J, K	E	10	39k	0.43 x 0.16	A
RTH42	0.25	60	2.5				10k	0.30 x 0.11	
RTH44	0.2	25	2.0	F, G, J, K	A, B, C	300	500k	0.25 x 0.13 x 0.135	M

^{1/}

A	-	19.8
B	-	29.4
C	-	48.7
E	-	0.55

MIL-PRF-32192 - Resistor, Chip, Thermal (Thermistor)						
Styles available	Power rating (Watts)	Thermal time constant (Seconds)	Dissipation constant mW/°C	Resistance tolerance (percent) see A.1.1.2	Resistance ratio (ohms)	Maximum body size (inches) (L x W x H) and configuration (see figure A-2)
RCTP0303	.125	30	1.25	F, G, J, K	0.53	0.048 x 0.048 x .082
RCTP0805	.25	30	2.5			0.086 x 0.057 x 0.055
RCTN0404	.0625	10	.625		Variable (based on resistance)	0.050 x 0.050 x .020
RCTN0805	.125	8	2.0			0.086 x 0.057 x 0.055
RCTN1206	.250	8	2.0			0.134 x 0.068 x 0.055

MIL-PRF-83530 - Resistor, Voltage Sensitive (Varistor), Metal Oxide ^{1/}									
PIN M83530/1	Nominal varistor voltage (V)	Voltage rating (V)		Energy rating (joules)	Clamping voltage at 100 A (V)	Capacitance at 1 MHz (pF)	Clamping voltage at peak current rating (V)	Max body size (inches) A x D x E configuration (see figure A-2)	
		rms	dc						
-2000B	200	130	175	50	325	3800	570	0.110 x 0.95 x 0.32	M
-2200D	220	150	200	55	360	3200	650		
-4300E	430	275	369	100	680	1800	1200		
-5100E	510	320	420	120	810	1500	1450		

^{1/} Inactive for new design

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A.3.2 Mounting guide.

A.3.2.1 Stress mounting. Improper heat dissipation is the predominant contributing cause of failure for any resistor type; consequently, the lowest possible resistor surface temperature should be maintained. Figure A-3 illustrates the manner in which heat is dissipated from fixed resistors in free air. The intensity of radiated heat varies inversely with the square of the distance from the resistor. Maintaining maximum distance between heat generating components serves to reduce cross radiation heating effects and promotes better convection by increasing air flow. For optimum cooling without a heat sink, small resistors should have large diameter leads of minimum length terminating in tiepoints of sufficient mass to act as heat sinks. All resistors have a maximum surface temperature which should never be exceeded. Any temperature beyond maximum can cause the resistor to malfunction. Resistors should be mounted so that there are no abnormal hot spots on the resistor surface. When mounted, resistor should not come in contact with heat insulating surfaces.

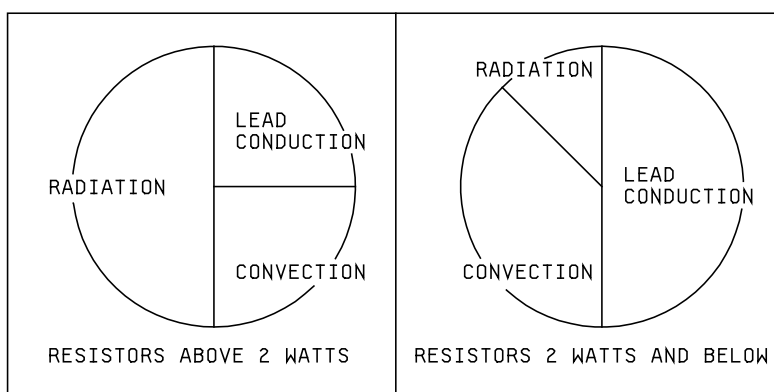


FIGURE A-3. Heat dissipation of resistors under room conditions.

A.3.2.2 Resistor mounting for vibration. Resistors should be mounted so resonance does not occur within the frequency spectrum of the vibration environment to which the resistors may be subjected. Some of the most common resistor packaging methods result in large resistor noise. Resistor mounting for vibration should provide (1) the least tension or compression between the lead and body, (2) the least excitation of the resistor in relation with any other surface, and (3) no bending or distortion of the resistor body.

A.3.2.3 Circuit packaging. Resistors that are crowded together and come into contact with each other can provide leakage paths (even well insulated parts) for external current passage. This can change the resultant resistance in the circuit. Moisture traps and dirt traps are easily formed by crowding. Moisture and dirt eventually form corrosive materials which can deteriorate the resistors and other electronic parts. Moisture can accumulate around dirt even in an atmosphere of normal humidity. Planning should be done to eliminate crowding of parts. Proper space utilization of electronic parts can reduce the package size and still provide adequate spacing of parts.

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A.3.2.4 Summary. The following is a guide for resistor mounting:

- a. Maintain lead length to a minimum. The mass of the point acts as a heat sink. (NOTE: Where low temperatures are present, leads should be offset (bent slightly) to allow for thermal contraction).
- b. Close tolerance and low value resistors require special precautions (such as short leads and good soldering techniques) since the resistance of the leads and the wiring may be as much as several percent of the resistance of the resistor.
- c. Maintain maximum spacing between resistors.
- d. For resistors mounted in series, consider the heat being conducted through the leads to the next resistor.
- e. Large power units should be mounted to the chassis.
- f. Do not mount high power units directly on terminal boards or printed circuits.
- g. To provide for the most efficient operation and even heat distribution, power resistors should be mounted in a horizontal position.
- h. Select mounting materials that will not char and can withstand strain due to expansion.
- i. Consider proximity to other heat sources as well as self-heat.
- j. Consider levels of shock and vibration to be encountered. Where large body mass is present, the body should be restrained from movement.

A.3.3 Effects of circuit usage. Resistors must be selected to be compatible with the conditions to which they are exposed. Numerous matters must be considered in this selection process. The most important are noted in the following.

A.3.3.1 Resistance value. This is initially determined by the circuit requirements, and may seem a trivial thing to mention. However, most resistor calculations that are made without reference to available resistors come out to a resistance value that are not standard. The design engineer should be aware of the standard resistance values that are available from manufacturers who adhere to this handbook and various Department of Defense specifications for resistors. These differ somewhat with the various types of resistors. It is usually a fairly simple thing to bring the exact calculated value in line with a standard value. In the case where this cannot be done, a parallel or series combination of resistors can usually be used. The design engineer should also remember that the resistance value of the resistor that gets into the physical circuit will differ from the value that is stated on the circuit schematic, and that this difference will change as time goes by. The purchase tolerance of the resistor to be used will allow it to differ from the nominal stated value, depending on the type of resistor specified. Furthermore, the temperature at which the resistor works, the voltage across it, and the environment in which it lives will affect the actual value at particular times. For example, the designer should allow for a possible variation of ± 15 percent from the nominal value of a purchased ± 5 percent composition resistor, for the circuit to continue to operate satisfactorily over a very long time under moderate ambient conditions. Such a figure is a rule of thumb, based on many tests, and many resistors will remain much nearer their starting value; but if many are used, chance will ensure that some will go near this limit. A similar figure can be deduced from each variety of resistor used.

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A.3.3.1.1 Summary.

- a. Select a resistor for each circuit application from the lists of standard types and values.
- b. Be sure that the circuit being designed will work with any resistor whose resistance value is within the limits set by tolerance plus voltage coefficient plus temperature coefficient plus drift with time. Failure to take these precautions can possibly mean that in equipment produced in quantity for the armed services, there may be some circuits that will not work under extreme conditions.
- c. Various initial tolerances are available depending on the type of resistor. It should be remembered that initial accuracies become meaningless if the inherent stability of the resistor does not support the initial accuracy.
- d. During shelf life, as well as during operational life, any characteristic (such as resistance, power rating, dielectric strength, or size) of any part may change value due to stresses caused by environmental changes of temperature, humidity, pressure or vibration. Changes of characteristic caused by environmental stresses may be linear or nonlinear, reversible or nonreversible (permanent), or combinations thereof. Where a characteristic of the part undergoes a linear change during environmental stress, and the change reverses itself linearly when the environmental stress is removed so that characteristic returns to its normal value, this rate of change in characteristic value (per unit change in stress value) is designated (x) coefficient, and is usually expressed in percent or ppm/ $^{\circ}$ C.

A.3.3.2 Power rating. The minimum required power rating of a resistor is another factor that is initially set by the circuit usage, but is markedly affected by other conditions of use. As mentioned previously, the power rating is based on the hot spot temperature the resistor will withstand, while still meeting its other requirements of resistance variation, accuracy, and life. For derating information see A.3.3.2.2.

A.3.3.2.1 Self-generated heat. Self generated-heat in a resistor is, of course, calculated as $P = I^2R$. This figure, in any circuit, must be less than the actual power rating of the resistor used. It is the usual practice to calculate this value and to use the next larger power rating available in the handbook. This calculation should, however, be considered only as a first approximation of the actual rating to be used.

A.3.3.2.2 Rating versus ambient conditions. The power rating of a resistor is based on a certain temperature rise from an ambient temperature of a certain value. If the ambient temperature is greater than this value, the amount of heat that the resistor can dissipate is correspondingly reduced, and therefore it must be derated because of temperature. The applicable section of this handbook and all of the Department of Defense specifications contain derating curves to be applied to the resistors covered.

A.3.3.2.3 Rating versus accuracy. Because of temperature coefficient of resistance that all resistors possess, a resistor which is expected to remain near its measured value under conditions of operation must remain cool. For this reason, all resistors designated as "accurate" are very much larger physically for a certain power rating than are ordinary "nonaccurate" resistors. In general, any resistor, "accurate" or not, must be derated to remain very near its original measured value when it is being operated.

A.3.3.2.4 Rating versus life. If especially long life is required of a resistor, particularly when "life" means remaining within a certain limit of resistance drift, it is usually necessary to derate the resistor, even if ambient conditions are moderate and if accuracy by itself is not important. A good rule to follow when choosing a resistor size for equipment that must operate for many thousands of hours is to derate it to one half of its nominal power rating. Thus, if the self-generated heat in the resistor is one third watt, do not use a one half watt resistor, but rather 1 watt size. This will automatically keep the resistor cooler, will reduce the long term drift, and will reduce the effect of the temperature coefficient. In equipment that need not live so long and must be small in size, this rule may be impractical, and the engineer should adjust the dependence on the rules to the circumstances at hand. A "cool" resistor will generally last longer than a "hot" one, and can absorb transient overloads that might permanently damage a "hot" resistor.

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A.3.3.2.5 Rating under pulsed conditions and under intermittent loads. When a resistor is used in circuits where power is drawn intermittently or in pulses, the actual power dissipated with safety during the pulses can sometimes be much more than the maximum rating of the resistor. For short pulses, the actual heating is determined by the duty factor and the peak power dissipated. Before approving such a resistor application, however, the engineer should be sure (1) that the maximum voltage applied to the resistor during the pulses is never greater than the permissible maximum voltage for the resistor be used, (2) that the circuit cannot fail in such a way that continuous excessive power can be through the resistor and cause it to fail also, (3) that the average power being drawn is well within the agreed on rating of the resistor, and (4) that continuous steep wavefronts applied to the resistor do not cause any unexpected troubles.

A.3.3.3 High frequency. For most resistors, the lower the resistance value, the less total impedance it exhibits at high frequency. Resistors are not generally tested for total impedance at frequencies above 120 Hz. Therefore, this characteristic is not controlled. The dominating conditions for good high frequency resistor performance are geometric considerations and minimum dielectric losses. For the best high frequency performance, the ratio of resistor length to the cross sectional area should be a maximum. Dielectric losses are kept low by proper choice of the resistor base material, and when dielectric binders are used, their total mass is kept to a minimum. The following is a discussion of the high frequency merits of these major resistor types:

- a. Film type. Film type resistors have the best high frequency performance. The effective dc resistance for most resistance values remains fairly constant up to 100 MHz and decreases at higher frequencies. In general, the higher the resistance value the greater the effect of frequency.
- b. Wirewound. Wirewound resistors have inductive and capacitive effects and are unsuited for use above 50kHz, even when specially wound to reduce the inductance and capacitance. Wirewound resistors usually exhibit an increase in resistance with high frequencies because of "skin" effect.

A.3.4 Effects of mechanical design and ambient conditions. Since the operation of a circuit cannot be divorced from the physical configuration it assumes when assembled, some of the points that apply herein have already been discussed. It is well, however, to check this aspect of equipment design several times, so redundancies in the following paragraphs are deliberate for the sake of emphasis.

A.3.4.1 Mechanical design of resistors. Much trouble during the life of the equipment can be eliminated if the design engineer can be sure that the resistors he is specifying for his circuits are soundly constructed and proper equipment assembly techniques are utilized. The resistor types listed in this handbook provide a great measure of this assurance and, in general, assure a uniform quality of workmanship. The areas defined in A.3.4.1.1 through A.3.4.1.7 are included as indicators of sound product construction.

A.3.4.1.1 End caps or terminations. The connection between the resistor element itself and the pigtailed or leads that connect it into the circuit must be so good that no possible combination of conditions met in the proposed service can cause an intermittent connection. The Department of Defense specifications cover this point, and provide tests to check for it. When resistors are handled in automatic assembly machines, this precaution is particular important.

A.3.4.1.2 Effect of soldering. There are assembly techniques that affect resistor reliability. Resistors should never be overheated by excessive soldering iron applications, and the resistor leads should not be abraded by assembly tools. No normal soldering practice, either manual or dip soldering, should damage the resistor physically or change its resistance value appreciably.

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A.3.4.1.3 Moisture resistance. Moisture is the greatest enemy of components and electronic equipment. Usually a resistor will keep itself dry because of its own self-generated heat; this is, of course, only true when the equipment is turned on. If the equipment must stand for long periods under humid conditions without power applied, the engineer should determine whether his circuits will operate with resistance values which have changed from the "hot" condition, and whether the retrace of the resistance value during the warm up period will allow the equipment to work satisfactorily during this period. If it will not, the resistor must be adequately protected against moisture absorption. The resistor cannot be blamed for performing improperly if it is not designed for the use to which it is put. It is therefore up to the design engineer to analyze what is needed and to provide the resistor to meet these conditions. This handbook and the applicable Department of Defense specifications constitute a guide as to what various kinds of resistors will do under humid conditions.

A.3.4.1.4 Method of mounting. Large resistors that are not provided with adequate means of mounting should not be considered, under conditions of vibration or shock. Lead failure can occur, and the larger the mass supported by the leads the more probable a failure will be. Even when vibration or shock will not be a serious problem, ease of assembly and replaceability suggest that large components be mounted individually.

A.3.4.1.5 Resistor body. The body of the resistor must be sufficiently strong to withstand any handling it is likely to get. The specifications call out, through workmanship and packaging requirements, that it be shown by the manufacturer that the product will not crack, chip, or break in transit, on the shelf, or in the normal assembly process.

A.3.4.1.6 Insulation or coating. All resistors intended for use in reliable electronic equipment must be protected by an insulating coating. Sometimes this is a molded phenolic case, epoxy coating, or ceramic or glass sleeves. Wirewound power resistors use various cement and vitreous enamel coatings to protect the windings, and to insulate and provide moisture barriers. Not all of the coatings and insulations applied to commercial resistors are satisfactory for extreme variations in ambient conditions; the various Department of Defense specifications include test used to qualify the various manufacturer's products thus providing a greater confidence in the coating used.

A.3.4.1.7 Pure tin. The use of pure tin, as an underplate or final finish, is prohibited both internally and externally. Tin content of resistor components and solder will not exceed 97 percent, by mass. Tin will be alloyed with a minimum of 3 percent lead, by mass.

A.3.4.2 Effects of ambient conditions. In the establishment of rating for resistors, the design engineer has implicitly considered the mechanical design of the equipment. This may not have been realized, but it is so because the ambient conditions in which the resistor must operate determine to a large degree the power rating and mechanical construction of the resistor if long life, or any life, under extreme conditions is desired.

A.3.4.2.1 Resistor heating. A very important question in the application of resistors is how hot will they get in service. In a piece of equipment the heat in a resistor comes from several sources; namely, (1) self-generated heat, and is the thing that can be easily calculated, and (2) the heat that the resistor receives from other resistors or other heat producing components in the same immediate neighborhood by radiation, and is not so easily calculated. The important thing to remember is under these conditions each resistor will be heated more than I^2R would suggest; when much heat is produced, as in stacked Wirewound resistors, the design engineer would do well not to freeze his design until he has measured a typical assembly with power on to see just how hot the resistor gets. The same thing is true of the extra heating given the resistors by convection. This is another way of saying that high ambient temperature will reduce the actual power rating of the resistor by reducing permissible temperature rise, a point that has been made several times before. The equipment designer must realize also that the heat being produced by "hot" resistors can injure other components. This is a very important point to remember; capacitors, diodes, and other resistors usually do not fail immediately when overheated. The effect of too much heat is a deteriorating one, weakening the component until at a later date it will unexpectedly fail. It is very easy to put a "heat bomb" in a piece of equipment that will not go off in normal production testing but will do its duty. It is also very easy to eliminate such troubles by strict and thoughtful attention to the problem of heating. A few rules have been given for use as guides to protect against these factors. (See A.3.3.2)

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A.3.4.2.2 High altitude. With the exception of the dielectric withstanding voltage test at reduced barometric pressure, all tests in Department of Defense specifications referenced herein are performed at ambient atmospheric pressure. This fact should be considered when the use of these resistors for high altitude conditions is contemplated.

A.3.4.2.3 Flammability. It should be noted that Department of Defense specifications referenced herein contain no requirements concerning the flammability of the materials used in the construction of these resistors. Users should take this into consideration when a particular application involves this requirement.

A.4. SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

A.4.1 Reliability. The established reliability specification provides for the establishment of a failure rate figure through the single parameter of load life only. Although, in most instances, the established reliability specification provides for more frequent moisture resistance, burn in, and other types of screening tests on a 100 percent basis, the failure rate (in percent per 1,000 hours) is based only on load life test results.

A.4.2 Metric equivalent. The metric equivalents (to the nearest 0.01 mm) which are provided in the individual sections are for general information only and are based upon 1 inch = 25.4 mm.

A.4.3 International standardization agreements. Certain provisions of the specifications referenced in this handbook are subjected on international standardization agreements. When amendment, revision, or cancellation of any of these specification is proposed which will affect or violate the international agreement concerned, the preparing activity will take appropriate reconciliation action through international standardization channels including departmental standardization offices, if required.

A.4.4 Cross reference. A cross reference of section number, Department of Defense specification numbers, associated specification numbers, and style numbers are included for reference (see [table A-VII](#)).

A.4.5 Tin whisker growth. The use of alloys with tin content greater than 97 percent, by mass, may exhibit tin whisker growth problems after manufacture. Tin whiskers may occur anytime from a day to years after manufacture and can develop under typical operating conditions, on products that use such materials. Conformal coatings applied over top of a whisker-prone surface will not prevent the formation of tin whiskers. Alloys of 3 percent lead, by mass, have shown to inhibit the growth of tin whiskers. For additional information on this matter, refer to [ASTM-B545](#) (Standard Specification for Electrodeposited Coatings of Tin).

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TABLE A-VII. Detailed specification number by style number - Continued.

DoD specification	Style	DoD Specification	Style
MIL-PRF-39015/1	RTR12	MIL-PRF-83401/1	RZ010
MIL-PRF-39015/2	RTR22	MIL-PRF-83401/2	RZ020
MIL-PRF-39015/3	RTR24	MIL-PRF-83401/3	RZ030
MIL-PRF-39017/1	RLR07	MIL-PRF-83401/4	RZ040
MIL-PRF-39017/2	RLR20	MIL-PRF-83401/5	RZ050
MIL-PRF-39017/3	RLR32	MIL-PRF-83401/6	RZ060
MIL-PRF-39017/5	RLR05	MIL-PRF-83401/7	RZ070
MIL-PRF-39023/1	RQ090	MIL-PRF-83401/8	RZ080
MIL-PRF-39023/2	RQ110	MIL-PRF-83401/9	RZ090
MIL-PRF-39023/3	RQ150	MIL-PRF-83401/10	RZ100
MIL-PRF-39023/4	RQ200	MIL-PRF-83401/13	RZ130
MIL-PRF-39023/5	RQ300	MIL-PRF-83401/14	RZ140
MIL-PRF-39023/6	RQ100	MIL-PRF-83401/15	RZ150
MIL-PRF-39023/7	RQ160	MIL-PRF-83401/18	RZ180
MIL-PRF-39023/8	RQ210	MIL-PRF-83401/19	RZ190
MIL-PRF-39023/9	RQ091	MIL-PRF-83401/21	RZ210
MIL-PRF-39023/10	RQ051	MIL-PRF-83401/22	RZ220
MIL-PRF-39035/2	RJR24	MIL-PRF-83401/23	RZ230
MIL-PRF-39035/3	RJR26	MIL-PRF-83401/24	RZ240
MIL-PRF-39035/4	RJR50	MIL-PRF-83530/1*	RVS10
MIL-PRF-49462/3	RHV30		
	RHV31		
	RHV32		
	RHV33		
	RHV34		
	RHV35		
MIL-PRF-49465/1	RLV10		
MIL-PRF-49465/6	RLV30		
MIL-PRF-49465/7	RLV31		
MIL-PRF-55182/1	RNC/N/R55		
MIL-PRF-55182/3	RNC/N/R60		
MIL-PRF-55182/5	RNC/N/R65		
MIL-PRF-55182/6	RNC/N/R70		
MIL-PRF-55182/7	RNC/N/R50		
MIL-PRF-55182/9	RNC/N/90		
MIL-PRF-55182/10	RNC/N/R75		
MIL-PRF-55342/1	RM0502		
MIL-PRF-55342/2	RM0505		
MIL-PRF-55342/3	RM1005		
MIL-PRF-55342/4	RM1505		
MIL-PRF-55342/5	RM2208		
MIL-PRF-55342/6	RM0705		
MIL-PRF-55342/7	RM1206		
MIL-PRF-55342/8	RM2010		
MIL-PRF-55342/9	RM2512		
MIL-PRF-55342/10	RM1010		
MIL-PRF-55342/11	RM0402		
MIL-PRF-55342/12	RM0603		
MIL-PRF-55342/13	RM0302		

* Inactive for new design

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APPENDIX B

COMMERCIAL ITEM DESCRIPTIONS (CIDs)

B.1 SCOPE

B.1.1 Scope. The following appendix includes all active Commercial Item Descriptions (CIDs). These drawings are used to supplement Military Specifications.

B.2 APPLICABLE DOCUMENTS

This section is not applicable to this appendix.

B.3 COMMERCIAL ITEM DESCRIPTIONS (CIDs)

B.3.1 Commercial Item Descriptions (CIDs). Table B-I show a listing of Commercial Item Descriptions (CIDs) available for use.

TABLE B-I. List of Commercial Item Descriptions (CIDs).

CID Number	Title
A-A-55088	Resistor, Flameproof, Fusible
A-A-55501	Resistor, Fixed, Zero Ohm, 1/4 Watt
A-A-55502	Resistor, Fixed, Zero Ohm, 1/8 Watt
A-A-55512	Resistor, Thermally Sensitive (Thermistor)
A-A-55517	Resistor, Fixed, Carbon Film, General Requirements For
A-A-55517/1	Resistor, Fixed, Carbon Film, 1/8 Watt
A-A-55517/2	Resistor, Fixed, Carbon Film, 1/4 Watt
A-A-55517/3	Resistor, Fixed, Carbon Film, 1/2 Watt
A-A-55517/4	Resistor, Fixed, Carbon Film, 1 Watt
A-A-55517/5	Resistor, Fixed, Carbon Film, 2 Watt
A-A-55534	Resistor, Fixed, Power Type, Very Low Resistance Values, General Requirements For
A-A-55534/1	Resistor, Fixed, Wirewound or Metal Element, Power Type, Style VLV1
A-A-55534/2	Resistor, Fixed, Wirewound or Metal Element, Power Type, Style VLV1206
A-A-55534/3	Resistor, Fixed, Wirewound or Metal Element, Power Type, Style VLV3
A-A-55534/4	Resistor, Fixed, Wirewound or Metal Element, Power Type, Style VLV5
A-A-55534/5	Resistor, Fixed, Wirewound or Metal Element, Power Type, Style VLV7
A-A-55534/6	Resistor, Fixed, Wirewound or Metal Element, Power Type, Style VLV10
A-A-55534/7	Resistor, Fixed, Wirewound or Metal Element, Power Type, Style VLV2010
A-A-55534/8	Resistor, Fixed, Wirewound or Metal Element, Power Type, Style VLV2512
A-A-55534/9	Resistor, Fixed, Wirewound or Metal Element, Power Type, Style VLV2
A-A-55562	Resistor, Chip, Voltage Sensitive (Varistor), Metal Oxide,
A-A-55562/1	Resistor, Chip, Voltage Sensitive (Varistor), Metal Oxide, Style 0603
A-A-55562/2	Resistor, Chip, Voltage Sensitive (Varistor), Metal Oxide, Style 0805
A-A-55562/3	Resistor, Chip, Voltage Sensitive (Varistor), Metal Oxide, Style 1206
A-A-55562/4	Resistor, Chip, Voltage Sensitive (Varistor), Metal Oxide, Style 1210
A-A-55562/5	Resistor, Chip, Voltage Sensitive (Varistor), Metal Oxide, Style 0402

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TABLE B-I. List of Commercial Item Descriptions (CIDs). - Continued

CID Number	Title
A-A-55564	Resistor, Voltage Sensitive (Varistor), General Specification for
A-A-55564/1	Resistor, Voltage Sensitive (Varistor), Base Mount
A-A-55564/2	Resistor, Voltage Sensitive (Varistor), Metal Oxide, High Energy
A-A-55564/3	Resistor, Voltage Sensitive (Varistor), Metal Oxide, Radial Lead
A-A-59496	Resistor, Variable, Trimmer Nonwirewound, and Wirewound General Requirements for
A-A-59496/1	Resistor, Variable, Trimmer Nonwirewound, 4 mm Square, J-Hook Leads
A-A-59496/2	Resistor, Variable, Trimmer Nonwirewound, 4 mm Square, Gull Wing Leads
A-A-59497	Resistor, Variable, Nonwirewound, Wirewound, Precision, Nonprecision, General Requirements for
A-A-59497/1	Resistor, Variable, Nonwirewound, Nonprecision, 1 Watt
A-A-59497/2	Resistor, Variable, Nonwirewound, Precision, Linear Motion Position Sensor
A-A-59714	Resistor, Resettable Fuses (Non-Linear Thermistor) General Requirements for
A-A-59714/1	Resistor, Resettable Fuses (Non-Linear Thermistor) Radial Leaded, Style RXE
A-A-59714/2	Resistor, Resettable Fuses (Non-Linear Thermistor) Radial Leaded, Style RUE
A-A-59714/3	Resistor, Resettable Fuses (Non-Linear Thermistor) Radial Leaded, Style TR
A-A-59715	Resistor, Fixed and Adjustable, Wirewound, Power Type, General Requirements for
A-A-59715/1	Resistor, Fixed, Wirewound, Power Type, Lead Terminal
A-A-59715/2	Resistor, Adjustable, Wirewound, Power Type
A-A-59715/3	Resistor, Fixed, Wirewound, Power Type
A-A-59715/4	Resistor, Fixed, Wirewound, Power Type, Tab Terminals
A-A-59715/5	Resistor, Fixed and Adjustable, Wirewound, Power Type
A-A-59769	Resistor Networks, Ball Grid Array Terminators General Requirements for
A-A-59769/1	Resistor Networks, Ball Grid Array Terminators Thevenin Termination

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APPENDIX C

DLA LAND AND MARITIME DRAWINGS

C.1 SCOPE

C.1.1 Scope. The following appendix includes all active DLA Land and Maritime and Defense Supply Center, Columbus Drawings. These drawings are used to supplement Military Specifications.

C.2 APPLICABLE DOCUMENTS

This section is not applicable to this appendix.

C.3 DLA LAND AND MARITIME DRAWINGS

C.3.1 DLA LAND AND MARITIME Drawings. Table C-I show a listing of DLA Land and Maritime Drawings available for use.

TABLE C-I. List of DLA Land and Maritime Drawings

Drawing Number	Title
00001	Resistor, Variable, Wirewound, Nonprecision, Trimmer, 3/8 Inch, Square, 1 Watt, Flexible Leads
01002	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, 1.5 Watt, MELF, Style 2512, Flat Ceramic Package
01032	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Film, Beryllia Substrate, High Power, Style 1206
01033	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Film, Voltage Divider, Style 1206
02001	Resistor, Fixed, Film, Precision, Chip 1/8 Watt, Style 2012
02005	Resistor, Variable, Nonwirewound, Adjustment Type, Lead-Screw Actuated, 1/2" Rectangular, 0.3 Watts
02008	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Film, Low and High Values, Style 1206
02010	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Film, Values Less Than 1 Ohm, Style 1206
03002	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Film, Zero-Ohm, Style 0505 (Inactive for new design, use MIL-PRF-32159/2)
03003	Resistor, Fixed, Carbon Film, High Pulse Voltage, 1/8 Watt
03004	Resistor, Fixed, Carbon Film, High Pulse Voltage, 1/4 Watt
03005	Resistor, Fixed, Carbon Film, High Pulse Voltage, 1/2 Watt
03006	Resistor, Fixed, Carbon Film, High Pulse Voltage, 1 Watt
03007	Resistor, Fixed, Carbon Film, High Pulse Voltage, 3/4 Watt
03008	Resistor, Fixed, Carbon Film, High Pulse Voltage, 2 Watt
03009	Resistor, Fixed, Carbon Film, High Pulse Voltage, 3 Watt
03010	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Film, Surface Mounted, Ultra Precision, Style 1506
03011	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Film, Zero-Ohm, Style 0201
03012	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Film, Zero-Ohm, Style 0302 (Inactive for new design, use MIL-PRF-32159/13)
03013	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Film, Zero-Ohm, Style 0603 (Inactive for new design, use MIL-PRF-32159/12)
03014	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Film, Zero-Ohm, Style 0402 (Inactive for new design, use MIL-PRF-32159/11)
03015	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Film, Zero-Ohm, Style 2010 (Inactive for new design, use MIL-PRF-32159/8)
03016	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Film, Zero-Ohm, Style 2512 (Inactive for new design, use MIL-PRF-32159/9))
03017	Resistor, Thermal, (Thermistor), Die Chip, Positive Temperature Coefficient (PTC) (Inactive for new design, use MIL-PRF-32159/1)
03018	Resistor, Thermal, (Thermistor), Die Chip, Negative Temperature Coefficient (NTC), Style 0404 (Inactive for new design, use MIL-PRF-32159/3)
03022	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Film, Values Less Than 1 Ohm, Style 0603
03025	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Film, High Voltage, Style 1206
03026	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Film, High Voltage, Style 2010
03027	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Film, High Voltage, Style 2512
04007	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Film, Moisture Resistant, Military and Space Level, Style 0302
04008	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Film, Moisture Resistant, Military and Space Level, Style 0402

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APPENDIX C

TABLE C-I. List of DLA Land and Maritime Drawings (continued)

Drawing Number	Title
04009	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Film, Moisture Resistant, Military and Space Level, Style 0603
04025	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Film, Surface Mount, 5 Watts (Up to 25 Watts with Heatsink)
04032	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Film, Low Values, High Power, Style 2512
05009	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Film, MELF, 1/4 Watt, Style 0204
05016	Resistor, Fixed, Film, Radial Lead, 2.25 Watts (Up to 20 Watts with Heatsink)
06001	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Bulk Metal Foil, Ultra Precision, Style 2010
06002	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Bulk Metal Foil, Ultra Precision, Style 2512
06003	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Power Metal Strip, Surface Mount, Low Value (2 Watt)
06006	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Power Metal Strip, Surface Mount, Low Value (3 Watt), Style 4527
06007	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Power Metal Strip, Surface Mount, Low Value (.1 Watt), Style 0603
06008	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Power Metal Strip, Surface Mount, Low Value (.125 Watt), Style 0805
06009	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Power Metal Strip, Surface Mount, Low Value (.25 Watt), Style 1206
06010	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Power Metal Strip, Surface Mount, Low Value (.5 Watt), Style 2010
06011	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Power Metal Strip, Surface Mount, Low Value (1.0 Watt), Style 2512
06012	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Power Metal Strip, Surface Mount, Low Value (2.0 Watt), Style 2816
06018	Resistor Network, Fixed, Film, Surface Mount, Voltage Divider, 3 Pin
06020	Resistor, Fixed, Bulk Metal Foil, High Precision, Surface-Mount, Molded .25/.16 Watt
06021	Resistor, Fixed, Bulk Metal Foil, High Precision, Surface Mount, Molded 0.6/0.4 Watts
07002	Resistor, Fixed, Wirewound, Surface Mount, Power Type, 3 Watt
07005	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Film, 8 Pin Array, Style 1206
07009	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Film, Style 0201
07010	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Film, Moisture Resistant, Military and Space Level, Style 0201
07011	Resistor, Fixed, Current Sensing, Metal Strip, High Precision, Surface Mount, Style 2512
07012	Resistor, Fixed, Current Sensing, Metal Strip, High Precision, Surface Mount, Style 3637
07017	Resistor, Fixed, Film, Radial Lead, 1 Watt (Up to 35 Watts with Heatsink)
07018	Resistor, Fixed, Film, Radial Lead, 1 Watt (Up to 50 Watts with Heatsink)
07019	Resistor, Fixed, Film, Radial Lead, 3 Watts (Up to 100 Watts with Heatsink)
07024	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Bulk Metal Foil, Ultra Precision, Style 0805
07025	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Bulk Metal Foil, Ultra Precision, Style 1206
08003	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Current Sensing, Ultra Precision, Style 1625
09002	Resistor, Fixed, Film, Precision, High Ohmic Values
09004	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Film, Precision, Top Contact, Style 2020
09008	Resistor, Fixed, Wirewound, Accurate, Radial Leaded, 0.1 Watt (RBR81)
09011	Resistor Network, Fixed Film, 8 Pad, Ball Grid Array, Precision
09012	Resistor Network, Fixed Film, 16 Pad, Ball Grid Array, Precision
09013	Resistor Network, Fixed Film, 10 Pad, Ball Grid Array
09014	Resistor Network, Fixed Film, 32 Pad, Ball Grid Array
09015	Resistor Network, Fixed Film, 40 Pad, Ball Grid Array
09016	Resistor Network, Fixed Film, 27 Pad, Ball Grid Array
09017	Resistor Network, Fixed Film, 36 Pad, Ball Grid Array
10005	Resistor, Precision Current Sensor, 100 Watts
10006	Resistor, Current Sensing, Open Air, Standard Leads, 1 Watt
10007	Resistor, Current Sensing, Open Air, Standard Leads, 3 Watt
10008	Resistor, Current Sensing, Open Air, Standard Leads, 5 Watt
10009	Resistor, Variable, Nonwirewound, Surface Mount, 4MM, Multiturn Trimmer, 1/4 Watt
10010	Resistor, Current Sensing, Open Air, Metal Alloy Strip, 5 Watts

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APPENDIX C

TABLE C-I. List of DLA Land and Maritime Drawings (continued)

Drawing Number	Title
11007	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Current Sense, Ultra Precision, Style 1206
11008	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Current Sense, Ultra Precision, Style 2010
11009	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Current Sense, Ultra Precision, Style 2512
12002	Resistor, Variable, Wirewound, Low Operating Temperature, 1.0 Watt
12003	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Film, Values Less Than 1 Ohm, Style 0502
12004	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Film, Values Less Than 1 Ohm, Style 0505
12005	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Film, Values Less Than 1 Ohm, Style 1005
12006	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Film, Values Less Than 1 Ohm, Style 1505
12007	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Film, Values Less Than 1 Ohm, Style 2208
12008	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Film, Values Less Than 1 Ohm, Style 0705
12009	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Film, Values Less Than 1 Ohm, Style 2010
12010	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Film, Values Less Than 1 Ohm, Style 2512
12011	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Film, Values Less Than 1 Ohm, Style 1010
12012	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Film, Values Less Than 1 Ohm, Style 0402
12013	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Film, Values Less Than 1 Ohm, Style 0302
12014	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Film, Values Less Than 1 Ohm, Style 0201
13003	Resistor Network, 8 Pin, Dual-in-Line Package (DIP), Multi Resistance Values
13019	<i>Placeholder Resistor, Fixed, High Voltage Surge 1/8 Watt</i>
13020	<i>Placeholder Resistor, Fixed, High Voltage Surge 1/4 Watt</i>
13021	<i>Placeholder Resistor, Fixed, High Voltage Surge 1/2 Watt</i>
13022	<i>Placeholder Resistor, Fixed, High Voltage Surge 1 Watt</i>
13023	<i>Placeholder Resistor, Fixed, High Voltage Surge 2 Watt</i>
13024	<i>Placeholder Resistor, Fixed, High Voltage Surge 5 Watt</i>
13025	<i>Placeholder Resistor, Fixed, High Voltage Surge 10 Watt</i>
13026	<i>Placeholder Resistor, Fixed, High Voltage Surge, Surface Mount, 1/8 Watt</i>
13027	<i>Placeholder Resistor, Fixed, High Voltage Surge, Surface Mount, 1/4 Watt</i>
13028	<i>Placeholder Resistor, Fixed, High Voltage Surge, Surface Mount, 1/2 Watt</i>
13029	<i>Placeholder Resistor, Fixed, High Voltage Surge, Surface Mount, 1 Watt</i>
85085	Resistor, Variable, Nonwirewound, Adjustment Type
86097	Resistor, Variable, Nonwirewound, Panel Mounted
87011	Resistor, Chip, Zero-Ohm, Style 1010 (<i>Inactive for new design, use MIL-PRF-32159/10</i>)
87012	Resistor Network, Fixed, Film, Surface Mount, Gull Wing, 16 Pin
87013	Resistor Network, Fixed, Film, Surface Mount, Gull Wing, 14 Pin
87014	Resistor Network, 16 Pin, Leadless Chip Carrier
87015	Resistor Network, 28-Pin, Leadless Chip Carrier
87016	Resistor Network, 20-Pin, Leadless Chip Carrier
87017	Resistor Network, 20-Pin, Leadless Chip Carrier
87018	Resistor Network, 16-Pin Leadless Chip Carrier
87025	Resistor Network, 8 Pin, Dual-in-Line Package (DIP)
87026	Resistor Network, Fixed, Film, 3-Pin, Single-in-Line Package (SIP)
87030	Resistor Network, 6-Pin, Single-in-Line Package (SIP)
87031	Resistor Network, 8-Pin, Single-in-Line Package (SIP)
87032	Resistor Network, 10-Pin, Single-in-Line Package (SIP)
87045	Resistor Network, Fixed, Film, 20 Pin, Hermetically Sealed, Dual-in-Line Package (DIP)
87053	Resistor Network, 14-Pin, Flat Pack
87067	Resistor Network, Fixed, Film, 7-Pin, Single-in-Line Package (SIP), Low Profile, Multiple Schematics

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APPENDIX C

TABLE C-I. List of DLA Land and Maritime Drawings (continued)

Drawing Number	Title
87068	Resistor Network, Fixed, Film, 7-Pin, Single-in-Line Package (SIP), High Profile, Multiple Schematics
87071	Resistor Network, Fixed, Film, 10-Pin, Single-in-Line Package (SIP), Multiple Resistance Values, Multiple Schematics, Low Profile
87072	Resistor Network, Fixed, Film, 10-Pin, Single-in-Line Package (SIP), Multiple Resistance Values, Multiple Schematics and Multiple Tolerances.
87073	Resistor Network, Fixed, Film, 8-Pin, Single-in-Line Package (SIP), Multiple Resistance Values, Multiple Schematics, Low Profile
87074	Resistor Network, Fixed, Film, 8-Pin, Single-in-Line Package (SIP), Multiple Resistance Values, Multiple Schematics, High Profile
87075	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Film, Flange Mount, Double Tab, High Power
87103	Resistor, Network, 9-Pin, Single-in-Line Package (SIP), Multiple Values, Multiple Tolerances, Low Profile
87105	Resistor, Network, 9-Pin, Single-in-Line Package (SIP), Multiple Values, Multiple Tolerances, High Profile
87126	Resistor, Variable, Nonwirewound, Adjustment Type, Lead Screw Actuated
88008	Resistor, Chip, Tantalum Nitride
88009	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Film, Tantalum Nitride
88015	Resistor, Network, 8-Pin, Single Inline Package (SIP)
88016	Resistor Network, 20-Pin Leadless Chip Carrier
88018	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Film, Style 0705
88020	Resistor Network, 6-Pin, Leadless Chip Carrier
88027	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Film, Style 0504
88030	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Film, Style 1005
88031	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Film, Style 1505
88032	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Film, Zero-Ohm, Style RM0502 (Inactive for new design, use MIL-PRF-32159/1)
88033	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Film, Style 1010 (Inactive for new design, use MIL-PRF-32159/10)
88034	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Film, Low Values, High Power, Style 2512
88036	Resistor Network, 10 Pin, Leadless Chip Carrier
88040	Resistor, Variable, Nonwirewound, Surface Mount, Trimmer
89004	Capacitor-Resistor, Network, 16 Pin, Dual-in-Line Package (DIP)
89008	Resistor, Fixed, Film, Precision, 0.1 Watt, Power Curve C
89023	Capacitor-Resistor, Network, 16 Pin, Flat Pack
89039	Resistor, Fixed, Film, Precision
89040	Resistor, Fixed, Wirewound, Surface Mount, Power Type, 2.5 Watts
89099	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Film, Flange Mount, Single Tab, High Power
90038	Resistor, Fixed, Film, Precision, 0.25 Watt, Power Curve C
90047	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Zero-Ohm, Style RM2208 (Inactive for new design, use MIL-PRF-32159/5)
90048	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Film, Zero-Ohm, Style 0705 (Inactive for new design, use MIL-PRF-32159/6)
90049	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Film, Zero-Ohm, Style 1005 (Inactive for new design, use MIL-PRF-32159/3)
90092	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Film, Zero-Ohm, Style RM1505 (Inactive for new design, use MIL-PRF-32159/4)
92013	Resistor Network, 10-Pin, Single-in-Line Package (SIP), Extended Lead Length
93030	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Bulk Metal Foil, Ultra Precision, Style 2018
93073	Resistor, Chip, Thermally Sensitive, (Thermistor), NTC, Style 0805 (Inactive for new design, use MIL-PRF-32159/4)
93074	Resistor, Chip, Thermally Sensitive, (Thermistor), NTC, Style 1206 (Inactive for new design, use MIL-PRF-32159/5)
93075	Resistor, Fixed, Wirewound, Surface Mount, Power Type, 1/2 Watt
93076	Resistor, Fixed, Wirewound, Surface Mount, Power Type, 1 Watt
93077	Resistor, Fixed, Wirewound, Surface Mount, Power Type, 2 Watt
93078	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Bulk Metal Foil, Ultra Precision, Style 2110 (Inactive for new design, use 06001)
93079	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Bulk Metal Foil, Ultra Precision, Style 1505 (Inactive for new design, use 03010)

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APPENDIX C

TABLE C-I. List of DLA Land and Maritime Drawings (continued)

Drawing Number	Title
94011	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Film, Zero-Ohm, Style RM1206 (Inactive for new design, use MIL-PRF-32159/7)
94012	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Film, Moisture Resistant, Military and Space Level, Style 0505
94013	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Film, Moisture Resistant, Military and Space Level, Style 1005
94014	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Film, Moisture Resistant, Military and Space Level, Style 2208
94015	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Film, Moisture Resistant, Military and Space Level, Style 0705
94016	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Film, Moisture Resistant, Military and Space Level, Style 1206
94017	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Film, Moisture Resistant, Military and Space Level, Style 2010
94018	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Film, Moisture Resistant, Military and Space Level, Style 2512
94019	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Film, Moisture Resistant, Military and Space Level, Style 1010
94025	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Film, Moisture Resistant, Military and Space Level, Style 0502
94026	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Film, Moisture Resistant, Military and Space Level, Style 1505
94047	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, 2 Watt, MELF, Style 3610
94048	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, 1/2 Watt, MELF, Style 2010
95006	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, 1 Watt, MELF, Style 2512
95011	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, 1/8 Watt, MELF, Style 1206
95013	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Film, Style 0302 (Inactive for new design, use MIL-PRF-32159/13)
95014	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Film, Style 0402 (Inactive for new design, use MIL-PRF-32159/11)
96002	Resistor, Fixed, Film, Insulated, Low Inductance
97004	Resistor, Fixed, Film, Insulated, 2 Watt
97008	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, 1/4 Watt, MELF (Inactive for new design, use 05009)
97009	Resistor, Fixed, Film, Precision, 0.3 Watt, Power Curve A (Inactive for new design, use 89039)
97010	Resistor, Fixed, Film, Precision, 0.3 Watt, Power Curve B (Inactive for new design, use 89039)
97011	Resistor, Fixed, Film, Precision, 0.15 Watt, Power Curve B (Inactive for new design, use 89039)
97012	Resistor, Variable, Nonwirewound, Trimmer, 3/4 Watt, Flexible Leads
97018	Resistor, Variable, Wirewound, Trimmer 3/4 Watt
98018	Resistor, Chip, Thermally Sensitive (Thermistor), Positive Temperature Coefficient (PTC), Style 0805 (Inactive for new design, use MIL-PRF-32159/2)
98020	Resistor, Fixed, Film, Insulated, 1/8 Watt
98021	Resistor, Fixed, Film, Insulated, 1/2 Watt
98022	Resistor, Fixed, Film, Insulated, 1 Watt
99004	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Film, 4 Pin Array
99005	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Film, 8 Pin Array
99006	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Film, 10 Pin Array
99007	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Film, 16 Pin Array (Inactive for new design)
99011	Resistor, Fixed, Film, Insulated, 0.25 Watt

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APPENDIX C

C.3.1.1 Resistor, Chip. Table C-II show a breakdown listing of Chip ResistorsTABLE C-II. Resistor, Chip.

Drawing number	Title
01002	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, 1.5 Watt, MELF, Style 2512, Flat Ceramic Package
05009	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Film, MELF, 1/4 Watt, Style 0204
94047	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, 2 Watt, MELF, Style 3610
94048	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, 1/2 Watt, MELF, Style 2010
95006	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, 1 Watt, MELF, Style 2512
95011	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, 1/8 Watt, MELF, Style 1206
97008	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, 1/4 Watt, MELF (Inactive for new design, use 05009)
06001	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Bulk Metal Foil, Ultra Precision, Style 2010
06002	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Bulk Metal Foil, Ultra Precision, Style 2512
07024	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Bulk Metal Foil, Ultra Precision, Style 0805
07025	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Bulk Metal Foil, Ultra Precision, Style 1206
93030	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Bulk Metal Foil, Ultra Precision, Style 2018
93078	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Bulk Metal Foil, Ultra Precision, Style 2110 (Inactive for new design, use 06001)
93079	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Bulk Metal Foil, Ultra Precision, Style 1505 (Inactive for new design, use 03010)
08003	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Current Sensing, Ultra Precision, Style 1625
11007	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Current Sense, Ultra Precision, Style 1206
11008	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Current Sense, Ultra Precision, Style 2010
11009	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Current Sense, Ultra Precision, Style 2512
07005	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Film, 8 Pin Array, Style 1206
99004	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Film, 4 Pin Array
99005	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Film, 8 Pin Array
99006	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Film, 10 Pin Array
99007	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Film, 16 Pin Array (Inactive for new design)
87075	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Film, Flange Mount, Double Tab, High Power
89099	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Film, Flange Mount, Single Tab, High Power
03025	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Film, High Voltage, Style 1206
03026	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Film, High Voltage, Style 2010
03027	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Film, High Voltage, Style 2512
02008	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Film, Low and High Values, Style 1206
04032	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Film, Low Values, High Power, Style 2512
88034	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Film, Low Values, High Power, Style 2512
04007	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Film, Moisture Resistant, Military and Space Level, Style 0302
04008	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Film, Moisture Resistant, Military and Space Level, Style 0402
04009	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Film, Moisture Resistant, Military and Space Level, Style 0603
07010	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Film, Moisture Resistant, Military and Space Level, Style 0201
94012	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Film, Moisture Resistant, Military and Space Level, Style 0505
94013	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Film, Moisture Resistant, Military and Space Level, Style 1005

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APPENDIX C

TABLE C-II. Resistor, Chip. Continued

Drawing number	Title
94014	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Film, Moisture Resistant, Military and Space Level, Style 2208
94015	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Film, Moisture Resistant, Military and Space Level, Style 0705
94016	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Film, Moisture Resistant, Military and Space Level, Style 1206
94017	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Film, Moisture Resistant, Military and Space Level, Style 2010
94018	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Film, Moisture Resistant, Military and Space Level, Style 2512
94019	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Film, Moisture Resistant, Military and Space Level, Style 1010
94025	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Film, Moisture Resistant, Military and Space Level, Style 0502
94026	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Film, Moisture Resistant, Military and Space Level, Style 1505
09004	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Film, Precision, Top Contact, Style 2020
07009	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Film, Style 0201
88018	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Film, Style 0705
88027	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Film, Style 0504
88030	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Film, Style 1005
88031	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Film, Style 1505
88033	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Film, Style 1010 (Inactive for new design, use MIL-PRF-32159/10)
95013	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Film, Style 0302 (Inactive for new design, use MIL-PRF-32159/13)
95014	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Film, Style 0402 (Inactive for new design, use MIL-PRF-32159/11)
03010	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Film, Surface Mounted, Ultra Precision, Style 1506
04025	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Film, Surface Mount, 5 Watts (Up to 25 Watts with Heatsink)
88009	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Film, Tantalum Nitride
02010	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Film, Values Less Than 1 Ohm, Style 1206
03022	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Film, Values Less Than 1 Ohm, Style 0603
12003	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Film, Values Less Than 1 Ohm, Style 0502
12004	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Film, Values Less Than 1 Ohm, Style 0505
12005	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Film, Values Less Than 1 Ohm, Style 1005
12006	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Film, Values Less Than 1 Ohm, Style 1505
12007	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Film, Values Less Than 1 Ohm, Style 2208
12008	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Film, Values Less Than 1 Ohm, Style 0705
12009	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Film, Values Less Than 1 Ohm, Style 2010
12010	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Film, Values Less Than 1 Ohm, Style 2512
12011	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Film, Values Less Than 1 Ohm, Style 1010
12012	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Film, Values Less Than 1 Ohm, Style 0402
12013	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Film, Values Less Than 1 Ohm, Style 0302
12014	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Film, Values Less Than 1 Ohm, Style 0201
01033	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Film, Voltage Divider, Style 1206
03002	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Film, Zero-Ohm, Style 0505 (Inactive for new design, use MIL-PRF-32159/2)
03011	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Film, Zero-Ohm, Style 0201
03012	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Film, Zero-Ohm, Style 0302 (Inactive for new design, use MIL-PRF-32159/13)
03013	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Film, Zero-Ohm, Style 0603 (Inactive for new design, use MIL-PRF-32159/12)

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APPENDIX C

C.3.1.2 Resistor, Network. Table C-III show a breakdown listing of Network Resistors.

TABLE C-III. Resistor, Network.

Drawing number	Title
89004	Capacitor-Resistor, Network, 16 Pin, Dual-in-Line Package (DIP)
89023	Capacitor-Resistor, Network, 16 Pin, Flat Pack
87014	Resistor Network, 16 Pin, Leadless Chip Carrier
87015	Resistor Network, 28-Pin, Leadless Chip Carrier
87016	Resistor Network, 20-Pin, Leadless Chip Carrier
87017	Resistor Network, 20-Pin, Leadless Chip Carrier
87018	Resistor Network, 16-Pin Leadless Chip Carrier
88016	Resistor Network, 20-Pin Leadless Chip Carrier
88020	Resistor Network, 6-Pin, Leadless Chip Carrier
88036	Resistor Network, 10 Pin, Leadless Chip Carrier
87026	Resistor Network, Fixed, Film, 3-Pin, Single-in-Line Package (SIP)
87030	Resistor Network, 6-Pin, Single-in-Line Package (SIP)
87031	Resistor Network, 8-Pin, Single-in-Line Package (SIP)
87032	Resistor Network, 10-Pin, Single-in-Line Package (SIP)
87067	Resistor Network, Fixed, Film, 7-Pin, Single-in-Line Package (SIP), Low Profile, Multiple Schematics
87068	Resistor Network, Fixed, Film, 7-Pin, Single-in-Line Package (SIP), High Profile, Multiple Schematics
87071	Resistor Network, Fixed, Film, 10-Pin, Single-in-Line Package (SIP), Multiple Resistance Values, Multiple Schematics, Low Profile
87072	Resistor Network, Fixed, Film, 10-Pin, Single-in-Line Package (SIP), Multiple Resistance Values, Multiple Schematics and Multiple Tolerances.
87073	Resistor Network, Fixed, Film, 8-Pin, Single-in-Line Package (SIP), Multiple Resistance Values, Multiple Schematics, Low Profile
87074	Resistor Network, Fixed, Film, 8-Pin, Single-in-Line Package (SIP), Multiple Resistance Values, Multiple Schematics, High Profile
87103	Resistor, Network, 9-Pin, Single-in-Line Package (SIP), Multiple Values, Multiple Tolerances, Low Profile
87105	Resistor, Network, 9-Pin, Single-in-Line Package (SIP), Multiple Values, Multiple Tolerances, High Profile
88015	Resistor, Network, 8-Pin, Single Inline Package (SIP)
92013	Resistor Network, 10-Pin, Single-in-Line Package (SIP), Extended Lead Length
87053	Resistor Network, 14-Pin, Flat Pack
13003	Resistor Network, 8 Pin, Dual-in-Line Package (DIP), Multi Resistance Values
87025	Resistor Network, 8 Pin, Dual-in-Line Package (DIP)
87045	Resistor Network, Fixed, Film, 20 Pin, Hermetically Sealed, Dual-in-Line Package (DIP)
09011	Resistor Network, Fixed Film, 8 Pad, Ball Grid Array, Precision
09012	Resistor Network, Fixed Film, 16 Pad, Ball Grid Array, Precision
09013	Resistor Network, Fixed Film, 10 Pad, Ball Grid Array
09014	Resistor Network, Fixed Film, 32 Pad, Ball Grid Array
09015	Resistor Network, Fixed Film, 40 Pad, Ball Grid Array
09016	Resistor Network, Fixed Film, 27 Pad, Ball Grid Array
09017	Resistor Network, Fixed Film, 36 Pad, Ball Grid Array
06018	Resistor Network, Fixed, Film, Surface Mount, Voltage Divider, 3 Pin

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TABLE C-III. Resistor, Network. Continued

Drawing number	Title
87012	Resistor Network, Fixed, Film, Surface Mount, Gull Wing, 16 Pin
87013	Resistor Network, Fixed, Film, Surface Mount, Gull Wing, 14 Pin

C.3.1.3 Resistor, Current Sensing. Table C-IV show a breakdown listing of Current Sensing Resistors.

TABLE C-IV. Resistor, Current Sensing.

Drawing number	Title
07011	Resistor, Fixed, Current Sensing, Metal Strip, High Precision, Surface Mount, Style 2512
07012	Resistor, Fixed, Current Sensing, Metal Strip, High Precision, Surface Mount, Style 3637
10005	Resistor, Fixed, Current Sensing, 100 Watts, Precision
10006	Resistor, Fixed, Current Sensing, Open Air, Standard Leads, 1 Watt
10007	Resistor, Fixed, Current Sensing, Open Air, Standard Leads, 3 Watt
10008	Resistor, Fixed, Current Sensing, Open Air, Standard Leads, 5 Watt
10010	Resistor, Fixed, Current Sensing, Open Air, Metal Alloy Strip, 5 Watts
08003	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Current Sensing, Ultra Precision, Style 1625
11007	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Current Sensing, Ultra Precision, Style 1206
11008	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Current Sensing, Ultra Precision, Style 2010
11009	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Current Sensing, Ultra Precision, Style 2512

C.3.1.4 Resistor, Carbon Film. Table C-V show a breakdown listing of Carbon Film Resistors.

TABLE C-V. Resistor, Carbon Film.

Drawing number	Title
03003	Resistor, Fixed, Carbon Film, High Pulse Voltage, 1/8 Watt
03004	Resistor, Fixed, Carbon Film, High Pulse Voltage, 1/4 Watt
03005	Resistor, Fixed, Carbon Film, High Pulse Voltage, 1/2 Watt
03006	Resistor, Fixed, Carbon Film, High Pulse Voltage, 1 Watt
03007	Resistor, Fixed, Carbon Film, High Pulse Voltage, 3/4 Watt
03008	Resistor, Fixed, Carbon Film, High Pulse Voltage, 2 Watt
03009	Resistor, Fixed, Carbon Film, High Pulse Voltage, 3 Watt

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C.3.1.5 Resistor, Fixed. Table C-VI show a breakdown listing of Fixed Resistors.

TABLE C-VI. Resistor, Fixed.

Drawing number	Title
96002	Resistor, Fixed, Film, Insulated, Low Inductance
97004	Resistor, Fixed, Film, Insulated, 2 Watt
98020	Resistor, Fixed, Film, Insulated, 1/8 Watt
98021	Resistor, Fixed, Film, Insulated, 1/2 Watt
98022	Resistor, Fixed, Film, Insulated, 1 Watt
99011	Resistor, Fixed, Film, Insulated, 1/4 Watt
02001	Resistor, Fixed, Film, Precision, Chip 1/8 Watt, Style 2012
89008	Resistor, Fixed, Film, Precision, 0.1 Watt, Power Curve C
89039	Resistor, Fixed, Film, Precision
90038	Resistor, Fixed, Film, Precision, 0.25 Watt, Power Curve C
97009	Resistor, Fixed, Film, Precision, 0.3 Watt, Power Curve A (Inactive for new design, use 89039)
97010	Resistor, Fixed, Film, Precision, 0.3 Watt, Power Curve B (Inactive for new design, use 89039)
97011	Resistor, Fixed, Film, Precision, 0.15 Watt, Power Curve B (Inactive for new design, use 89039)
09002	Resistor, Fixed, Film, Precision, High Ohmic Values
05016	Resistor, Fixed, Film, Radial Lead, 2.25 Watts (Up to 20 Watts with Heatsink)
07017	Resistor, Fixed, Film, Radial Lead, 1 Watt (Up to 35 Watts with Heatsink)
07018	Resistor, Fixed, Film, Radial Lead, 1 Watt (Up to 50 Watts with Heatsink)
07019	Resistor, Fixed, Film, Radial Lead, 3 Watts (Up to 100 Watts with Heatsink)
09008	Resistor, Fixed, Wirewound, Accurate, Radial Leaded, 0.1 Watt (RBR81)
07002	Resistor, Fixed, Wirewound, Surface Mount, Power Type, 3 Watt
89040	Resistor, Fixed, Wirewound, Surface Mount, Power Type, 2.5 Watts
93075	Resistor, Fixed, Wirewound, Surface Mount, Power Type, 1/2 Watt
93076	Resistor, Fixed, Wirewound, Surface Mount, Power Type, 1 Watt
93077	Resistor, Fixed, Wirewound, Surface Mount, Power Type, 2 Watt
13019	<i>Placeholder Resistor, Fixed, High Voltage Surge 1/8 Watt</i>
13020	<i>Placeholder Resistor, Fixed, High Voltage Surge 1/4 Watt</i>
13021	<i>Placeholder Resistor, Fixed, High Voltage Surge 1/2 Watt</i>
13022	<i>Placeholder Resistor, Fixed, High Voltage Surge 1 Watt</i>
13023	<i>Placeholder Resistor, Fixed, High Voltage Surge 2 Watt</i>
13024	<i>Placeholder Resistor, Fixed, High Voltage Surge 5 Watt</i>
13025	<i>Placeholder Resistor, Fixed, High Voltage Surge 10 Watt</i>
13026	<i>Placeholder Resistor, Fixed, High Voltage Surge, Surface Mount, 1/8 Watt</i>
13027	<i>Placeholder Resistor, Fixed, High Voltage Surge, Surface Mount, 1/4 Watt</i>
13028	<i>Placeholder Resistor, Fixed, High Voltage Surge, Surface Mount, 1/2 Watt</i>
13029	<i>Placeholder Resistor, Fixed, High Voltage Surge, Surface Mount, 1 Watt</i>

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C.3.1.6 Resistor, Variable. Table C-VII show a breakdown listing of Variable Resistors.

TABLE C-VII. Resistor, Variable.

Drawing number	Title
02005	Resistor, Variable, Nonwirewound, Adjustment Type, Lead-Screw Actuated, 1/2" Rectangular, 0.3 Watts
85085	Resistor, Variable, Nonwirewound, Adjustment Type
87126	Resistor, Variable, Nonwirewound, Adjustment Type, Lead Screw Actuated
97012	Resistor, Variable, Nonwirewound, Trimmer, 3/4 Watt, Flexible Leads
86097	Resistor, Variable, Nonwirewound, Panel Mounted
10009	Resistor, Variable, Nonwirewound, Surface Mount, 4MM, Multiturn Trimmer, 1/4 Watt
88040	Resistor, Variable, Nonwirewound, Surface Mount, Trimmer
00001	Resistor, Variable, Wirewound, Nonprecision, Trimmer, 3/8 Inch, Square, 1 Watt, Flexible Leads
12002	Resistor, Variable, Wirewound, Low Operating Temperature, 1.0 Watt
97018	Resistor, Variable, Wirewound, Trimmer 3/4 Watt

C.3.1.7 Resistor, Thermal. Table C-VIII show a breakdown listing of Thermal Resistors.

TABLE C-VIII. Resistor, Thermal.

Drawing number	Title
93073	Resistor, Chip, Thermally Sensitive, (Thermistor), NTC, Style 0805 (<i>Inactive for new design, use MIL-PRF-32159/4</i>)
93074	Resistor, Chip, Thermally Sensitive, (Thermistor), NTC, Style 1206 (<i>Inactive for new design, use MIL-PRF-32159/5</i>)
98018	Resistor, Chip, Thermally Sensitive (Thermistor), Positive Temperature Coefficient (PTC), Style 0805 (<i>Inactive for new design, use MIL-PRF-32159/2</i>)
03017	Resistor, Thermal, (Thermistor), Die Chip, Positive Temperature Coefficient (PTC) (<i>Inactive for new design, use MIL-PRF-32159/1</i>)
03018	Resistor, Thermal, (Thermistor), Die Chip, Negative Temperature Coefficient (NTC), Style 0404 (<i>Inactive for new, design, use MIL-PRF-32159/3</i>)

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C.3.1.8 Resistor, Bulk Metal. Table C-IX show a breakdown listing of Bulk Metal Resistors.

TABLE C-IX. Resistor, Bulk Metal.

Drawing number	Title
06001	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Bulk Metal Foil, Ultra Precision, Style 2010
06002	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Bulk Metal Foil, Ultra Precision, Style 2512
07024	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Bulk Metal Foil, Ultra Precision, Style 0805
07025	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Bulk Metal Foil, Ultra Precision, Style 1206
93030	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Bulk Metal Foil, Ultra Precision, Style 2018
93078	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Bulk Metal Foil, Ultra Precision, Style 2110 (Inactive for new design, use 06001)
93079	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Bulk Metal Foil, Ultra Precision, Style 1505 (Inactive for new design, use 03010)
06020	Resistor, Fixed, Bulk Metal Foil, High Precision, Surface-Mount, Molded .25/.16 Watt
06021	Resistor, Fixed, Bulk Metal Foil, High Precision, Surface Mount, Molded 0.6/0.4 Watts

C.3.1.9 Cancelled Documents. Table C-X show cancelled drawing that have replacements

TABLE C-X. Cancelled drawings with replacement.

Drawing number	Title	Replacement Document
85083	Resistor, Fixed, Chip	95011*
87033	Resistor Network, 10-Pin, Single-in-Line Package (SIP)	MIL-PRF-83401/24
87063	Resistor, Voltage Sensitive (Varistor)	A-A-55564/3
88063	Resistor, Voltage Sensitive (Varistor), Base Mount Metal-Oxide	A-A-55564/1
90065	Resistor, Voltage Sensitive (Varistor)	A-A-55562/2
90096	Resistor, Voltage Sensitive, Chip, Metal Oxide	A-A-55562/3
90027	Resistor, Variable, Non-Wirewound, Trimmer, 4mm, Gull-Wing Leads	A-A-59496/2
92021	Resistor, Variable, Surface Mount, 4MM, Multiturn Trimmer, ¼ Watt	10009*

* DLA Land and Maritime Drawing

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APPENDIX D

INACTIVE FOR NEW DESIGN DoD SPECIFICATIONS,
COMMERCIAL ITEM DESCRIPTIONS (CIDs) and DLA LAND AND MARITIME DRAWINGS

D.1 SCOPE

D.1.1 Scope. The following appendix includes all inactive for new design DoD Specifications, Commercial Item Descriptions (CIDs) and DLA LAND AND MARITIME Drawings. These specifications are used for replacement purposes only.

D.2 APPLICABLE DOCUMENTS

This section is not applicable to this appendix.

D.3 INACTIVE DoD SPECIFICATIONS, COMMERCIAL ITEM DESCRIPTIONS (CIDs) AND DLA LAND AND MARITIME DRAWINGS.

D.3.1 INACTIVE DoD SPECIFICATIONS.

D.3.1.1 Inactive DoD Specifications. Table D-I contains a listing of Inactive for new design DoD specifications.

TABLE D-I. Inactive DoD specifications.

Specification number	Title
MIL-R-26/2	Resistor, Fixed, Wirewound (Power Type), Styles RW20, RW21, RW22, RW23, and RW24
MIL-R-26/5	Resistor, Fixed, Wirewound (Power Type), Styles RW70, RW74, RW78, and RW79
MIL-R-26/6	Resistor, Fixed, Wirewound (Power Type), Styles RW80 and RW81
MIL-R-93	Resistor, Fixed, Wirewound (Accurate), General Specification for
MIL-R-93/10	Resistor, Fixed, Wirewound (Accurate), Style RB52
MIL-R-93/11	Resistor, Fixed, Wirewound (Accurate), Style RB53
MIL-R-93/12	Resistor, Fixed, Wirewound (Accurate), Style RB54
MIL-R-93/13	Resistor, Fixed, Wirewound (Accurate), Style RB55
MIL-R-93/14	Resistor, Fixed, Wirewound (Accurate), Style RB56
MIL-R-93/19	Resistor, Fixed, Wirewound (Accurate), Style RB70
MIL-R-93/20	Resistor, Fixed, Wirewound (Accurate), Style RB71
MIL-DTL-6749	Resistor, Variable, Wirewound, Nonprecision, Aircraft Power
MIL-DTL-7790	Resistor, Thermocouple Lead Spool
MIL-R-10509	Resistor, Fixed, Film (High Stability), General Specification For
MIL-R-10509/1	Resistor, Fixed, Film (High Stability), Style RN60
MIL-R-10509/2	Resistor, Fixed, Film (High Stability), Style RN65
MIL-R-10509/3	Resistor, Fixed, Film (High Stability), Style RN70
MIL-R-10509/7	Resistor, Fixed, Film (High Stability), Style RN55
MIL-R-10509/8	Resistor, Fixed, Film (High Stability), Style RN50
MIL-R-18546/1	Resistor, Fixed, Wirewound (Power Type, Chassis Mounted), Styles RE60, RE65, RE70, and RE75
MIL-R-19365	Resistor, Adjustable, Wirewound, Power
MIL-PRF-22097/1	Resistor, Variable, Nonwirewound (Adjustment Type, Lead-Screw Actuated), Style RJ11
MIL-PRF-22097/3	Resistor, Variable, Nonwirewound (Adjustment Type, Lead-Screw Actuated), Style RJ22
MIL-PRF-22097/5	Resistor, Variable, Nonwirewound (Adjustment Type, Lead-Screw Actuated), Style RJ26
MIL-PRF-22097/6	Resistor, Variable, Nonwirewound (Adjustment Type, Single Turn), Style RJ50

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TABLE D-I. Inactive DoD specifications. - Continued

Specification number	Title
MIL-PRF-22684/1	Resistor, Fixed, Film, Insulated, Style RL07
MIL-PRF-22684/2	Resistor, Fixed, Film, Insulated, Style RL20
MIL-PRF-22684/3	Resistor, Fixed, Film, Insulated, Style RL32
MIL-PRF-22684/4	Resistor, Fixed, Film, Insulated, Style RL42
MIL-PRF-23648/2	Resistor, Thermal (Thermistor), Insulated, Negative Temperature Coefficient, Style RTH08
MIL-PRF-23648/3	Resistor, Thermal (Thermistor), Insulated, Negative Temperature Coefficient, Style RTH10
MIL-PRF-27208/4	Resistor, Variable, Wirewound (Adjustment Type, Lead- Screw Actuated) Style RT22
MIL-PRF-39005/7	Resistor, Fixed, Wirewound (Accurate), Nonestablished Reliability, and Established Reliability, Style RBR57
MIL-PRF-39005/8	Resistor, Fixed, Wirewound (Accurate), Nonestablished Reliability, and Established Reliability, Style RBR74
MIL-PRF-39005/9	Resistor, Fixed, Wirewound (Accurate), Nonestablished Reliability, and Established Reliability, Style RBR75
MIL-PRF-39007/5	Resistor, Fixed, Wirewound (Power Type), Nonestablished Reliability, Established Reliability, and Space Level, Style RWR71
MIL-PRF-39007/6	Resistor, Fixed, Wire-Wound (Power Type), Nonestablished Reliability, Established Reliability, and Space Level, Style RWR74
MIL-PRF-39015/1	Resistor, Variable, Wirewound (Lead Screw Actuated), Nonestablished Reliability and Established Reliability, Style RTR12
MIL-PRF-39035/1	Resistor, Variable, Nonwirewound (Adjustment Type, Lead-Screw Actuated), Nonestablished Reliability, and Established Reliability Style RJR12
MIL-PRF-55182/2	Resistor, Fixed, Film, Nonestablished Reliability, Established Reliability, and Space Level, Style RNR57
MIL-R-55182/11	Resistor, Fixed, Film, Established Reliability Style RNR51
MIL-R-55182/12	Resistor, Fixed, Film, Established Reliability Style RNR56
MIL-PRF-83530/1	Resistors, Voltage Sensitive (Varistors) Style RVS10

D.3.2 INACTIVE COMMERCIAL ITEM DESCRIPTIONS (CIDs)

D.3.2.1 Inactive Commercial Item Descriptions (CIDs). Table D-II contains a listing of Inactive Commercial Item Descriptions (CIDs) At this time there are no inactive Commercial Item Descriptions (CIDs).

D.3.3 INACTIVE DLA LAND AND MARITIME DRAWINGS

D.3.3.1 Inactive DLA LAND AND MARITIME Drawings. Table D-II contains a listing of Inactive DLA LAND AND MARITIME Drawings with supersession data.

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TABLE D-II. Inactive DLA LAND AND MARITIME Drawings.

Drawing Number	Title	Superseding document
03012	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Film, Zero-Ohm, Style 0302	MIL-PRF-32159/13
03013	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Film, Zero-Ohm, Style 0603	MIL-PRF-32159/12
03014	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Film, Zero-Ohm, Style 0402	MIL-PRF-32159/11
03015	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Film, Zero-Ohm, Style 2010	MIL-PRF-32159/8
03016	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Film, Zero-Ohm, Style 2512	MIL-PRF-32159/9
88032	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Film, Zero-Ohm, Style RM0502	MIL-PRF-32159/1
90048	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Film, Zero-Ohm, Style 0705	MIL-PRF-32159/6
90049	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Film, Zero-Ohm, Style 1005	MIL-PRF-32159/3
90092	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Film, Zero-Ohm, Style RM1505	MIL-PRF-32159/4
94011	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Film, Zero-Ohm, Style RM1206	MIL-PRF-32159/7
87011	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Zero-Ohm, Style 1010	MIL-PRF-32159/10
90047	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Zero-Ohm, Style RM2208	MIL-PRF-32159/5
93078	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Bulk Metal Foil, Ultra Precision, Style 2110	06001*
93079	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Bulk Metal Foil, Ultra Precision, Style 1505	03010*
95013	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Film, Style 0302	MIL-PRF-32159/13
95014	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Film, Style 0402	MIL-PRF-32159/11
97008	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, 1/4 Watt, MELF	05009*
97009	Resistor, Fixed, Film, Precision, 0.3 Watt, Power Curve A	89039*
97010	Resistor, Fixed, Film, Precision, 0.3 Watt, Power Curve B	89039*
97011	Resistor, Fixed, Film, Precision, 0.15 Watt, Power Curve B	89039*
99007	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Film, 16 Pin Array	No replacement
88033	Resistor, Chip, Fixed, Film, Style 1010	MIL-PRF-32159/10
03017	Resistor, Thermal, (Thermistor), Die Chip, Positive Temperature Coefficient (PTC)	MIL-PRF-32159/1
03018	Resistor, Thermal, (Thermistor), Die Chip, Negative Temperature Coefficient (NTC), Style 0404	MIL-PRF-32159/3
93073	Resistor, Chip, Thermally Sensitive, (Thermistor), NTC, Style 0805	MIL-PRF-32159/4
93074	Resistor, Chip, Thermally Sensitive, (Thermistor), NTC, Style	MIL-PRF-32159/5
98018	Resistor, Chip, Thermally Sensitive (Thermistor), Positive Temperature Coefficient (PTC), Style 0805	MIL-PRF-32192/2

* DLA Land and Maritime Drawing

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APPENDIX E

REPLACEMENT PARTS FOR MIL-R-11 and MIL-R-39008

E.1 SCOPE

E.1.1 Scope. The military specifications MIL-R-11 (Resistor, Fixed, Composition, Insulated) and MIL-R-39008 (Resistor, Fixed, Composition, Insulated) Established Reliability, General Specification For) have been cancelled. There are no direct replacements available. The following suggested substitutes do not meet all of the requirements of MIL-R-11 and MIL-R-39008.

E.2 APPLICABLE DOCUMENTS. This section is not applicable to this section.

E.3 SUGGESTED REPLACEMENTS

E.3.1 Replacement for general applications. The following specifications are considered acceptable substitutes for general applications of the MIL-R-39008 and MIL-R-11.

Department of Defense Specifications:

MIL-PRF-22684/8	-	Resistor, Fixed, Film, Insulated, Style RL42....TX.
MIL-PRF-39017/1	-	Resistor, Fixed, Film, Insulated, Nonestablished Reliability, and Established Reliability, Style RLR07.
MIL-PRF-39017/2	-	Resistor, Fixed, Film, Insulated, Nonestablished Reliability, and Established Reliability, Style RLR20.
MIL-PRF-39017/3	-	Resistor, Fixed, Film, Insulated, Nonestablished Reliability, and Established Reliability, Style RLR32.
MIL-PRF-39017/5	-	Resistor, Fixed, Film, Insulated, Nonestablished Reliability, and Established Reliability, Style RLR05.

DLA LAND AND MARITIME drawings:

97004	-	Resistor, Fixed, Film, Insulated, 2 Watt
98020	-	Resistor, Fixed, Film, Insulated, 1/8 Watt
98021	-	Resistor, Fixed, Film, Insulated, 1/2 Watt
98022	-	Resistor, Fixed, Film, Insulated, 1 Watt
99011	-	Resistor, Fixed, Film, Insulated, 0.25 Watt

Designers are CAUTIONED on using these resistors in pulse applications. See E.4.1

E.3.2 Replacement for pulse applications. The following specifications are considered acceptable substitutes for pulse applications for MIL-R-11 and MIL-R-39008.

Designers are CAUTIONED on using these resistors in high power pulse applications. Since they have not been qualified nor tested for such applications, damage and premature failure are possible. These resistors only see a one-time pulse when Short-time overload testing is performed.

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APPENDIX E

REPLACEMENT PARTS FOR MIL-R-39008 AND MIL-R-11

Designers MAY CONSIDER using the following DLA Land and Maritime drawings for high power pulse applications.

DLA LAND AND MARITIME drawings:

03003	-	Resistor, Fixed, Carbon Film, High Pulse Voltage, 1/8 Watt
03004	-	Resistor, Fixed, Carbon Film, High Pulse Voltage, 1/4 Watt
03005	-	Resistor, Fixed, Carbon Film, High Pulse Voltage, 1/2 Watt
03006	-	Resistor, Fixed, Carbon Film, High Pulse Voltage, 1 Watt
03007	-	Resistor, Fixed, Carbon Film, High Pulse Voltage, 3/4 Watt
03008	-	Resistor, Fixed, Carbon Film, High Pulse Voltage, 2 Watt
03009	-	Resistor, Fixed, Carbon Film, High Pulse Voltage, 3 Watt

NOTE: These alternative resistors do not have the geometry (form, fit) of the MIL-PRF-39017 resistors, nor are they subject to the same qualification/verification and periodic Group C inspection requirements as the RLR style resistors. Additionally, Group B for the DLA Land and Maritime drawings parts may be satisfied by providing generic data.

E.4 ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

E.4.1 Fixed film resistors. Designers are CAUTIONED on using these resistors in pulse applications. These resistors only see a one-time pulse when Short-time overload testing is performed. These resistors are subject to damage and premature failures when they see excessive pulsing.

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Custodians:

Army - CR
Navy - EC
Air Force - 85
DLA - CC

Preparing activity:

DLA - CC

(Project 5905-2011-059)

Review activities:

Army - AR, AT, AV, CR4, MI
Navy - AS, CG, MC, OS, SH
Air Force - 19, 99

NOTE: The activities listed above were interested in this document as of the date of this document. Since organizations and responsibilities can change, you should verify the currency of the information above using the ASSIST Online database at <https://assist.dla.mil>.